The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—America wins.

—Hurrah for our riflemen.

—Ingersoll—City Hall—to-night.

—Nearly 11,000 people have left Savannah since Yellow Jack moved in.

—Robert Barnwell Rhett, Sr., died in St. James parish, La., yesterday, aged 75.

—Save, boys, save with care,
Every cent that you can spare,
With which to buy a new ulstare.

—John Tyler, a son of ex-President Tyler, has entered the ministry of the Episcopal Church South.

—The Democratic cheer this season is very lugubrious. It sounds like the voice of a hippopotamus with the croup.

—The world may owe every man a living, but the mistake he too often makes is in thinking that the obligation includes whisky and cigars.

—Kind words, it is said, will convert the humblest home into a Paradise, and that's the reason why some men feel as if they were hoeing in a desert.

—Everybody remembers Caponi, the great tenor, and everybody will be glad to learn that he is just recovering from a recent illness at Toulouse.

—Examine the palm of his hand, says a Brooklyn philosopher, and if it is full of pin scratches, tell his sweetheart to use buttons on her waistband.

—I heard your voice, Sammy, far over the sea,
And your cry in this hour of your need,
I never went back on a "pard," Sammy T.—
I'm comin', auf-ced,

Billy Tweed.

—General Sherman says "the profession of arms" is an eminently national one. The interest excited by the Goss-Allen prize fight fully confirms the sagacity of this observation.

—Bismarck's health is better, but he has been obliged to renounce all work and avoid all excitement. He receives neither letters nor telegrams—all pass into the hands of his family and official assistants.

—"Get out, you ornithorynchus!" The man departed meekly. "Who's that?" inquired a friend of the speaker. "An ornithorynchus." "How's that?" Well, Webster defines him as a beast with a bill."

—If a barrel of money and no end of beautiful documents won't start a Democratic tidal wave, what will?—*Tribune.*

A keg or two of lager and a forty-gallon cask of old Bourbon. Try it.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*

—The Gwendolen polonaise, which arches the back in a manner expressive of scorn, is the favorite this summer. It is supposed to be similar in style to the one that the famous heroine wore when she took her famous sail with her husband.

—Bishop Coxe, of the Diocese of Western New York, pleasantly assumes responsibility for the recent attack of his newspaper on Prof. Huxley, and, with an approach to persiflage, says that he means to do his duty "in an ungodly world that is soon to be burned up."

—"By Jove," said a Yankee, dashing into the railroad telegraph station the other day, "the express train has gone off the big bridge!" "Many killed?" screamed the bystanders. "Not one," replied the other. "She just went on at one end and went off at the other—just as usual."

—Deadwood City, in the Black Hills, an infant of a single summer, has twenty saloons, three hotels, six restaurants, three drug stores, two hardware stores, five blacksmith shops, five dry goods stores, twenty grocery stores, six doctors, one dentist, one bath-house, three Chinese laundries, and one editor.

—The wife of Captain J. S. Maynard, one of the prominent stock breeders of Colorado, died at one o'clock yesterday, at Denver, from the effects of a dose of strchnine taken a few hours earlier. No cause is assigned for the suicide, but a letter addressed to her husband, who is absent from Denver, will doubtless give a reason for the act.

—Wm. B. Hanlin, an old and highly respected citizen of Memphis, died suddenly yesterday morning of apoplexy. He was in usual good health and spirits during the morning, and had written some friends an invitation to luncheon in honor of the marriage of his adopted daughter. On their arrival an hour later they found him a corpse.

—Trade is recovering from its depression, says the New York *Tribune*. At a large auction sale of dry goods yesterday there was a large attendance of buyers, and fair prices were attained. Among other evidences of reviving business is the large increase of internal revenue receipts during July and August as compared with the same months last year.

—Bishop Janes, of the Methodist Church is suffering under a painful malady, to attacks of which he has long been subject. He has been confined to his bed for two weeks, but his physicians have hopes of his speedy restoration to health. The attack was superinduced by a long period of anxiety over the sick bed of Mrs. Janes, who died of paralysis less than three weeks ago.

—The scene at Hallet's Point is dramatic in the extreme. The men at work there move into the excavation with their lives in their hands. The dreadful dynamite is liable at any moment to explode and destroy life and ruin the work. Seven thousand charges of ten pounds each are to be loaded and it will be little less than a miracle if some tube is not dropped. The least shock may set the whole thing off.

—"Mr. Blaine is beaten," says the Boston *Post*. When Mr. Phœnix whipped the editor he described the conflict thus: "I tangled my hair in his fingers, and inserted my nose in his mouth; then I fell back on the hand-press and pulled him down on top of me. He sat there until I took off the impression of the first page on the back of my shirt, his teeth all the time nibbling my nose." Mr. Blaine was conquered after the manner in which that editor was whipped.

—A policeman gently but firmly laid his hands on a tramp he saw backing out of a kitchen window in the East End. They searched him and found in his ragged satchel nine spoons, a silver mug, four pocket knives, three razors, a photograph album, a dark lantern, five breastpins, two watch chains, eleven handkerchiefs, and some small coin. "Unhand me," he exclaimed to the policeman, "servile tool of a corrupt administration. What we need is reform." And they cast him into the pit.

—Mr. Murat Halstead, who has been at the Centennial, discovered there that the foreign element attracted to this country by it is not so great as had been expected, but is very important, since it is composed in large parts of agents and representatives of countries, houses, and interests, who are making close studies and observations. The foreigner, strange to say, does not get astonished, as everybody was prepared to have him; and Mr. Halstead thinks perhaps it is not absolutely necessary to astonish all the time all who come to see us.

—Fully twenty thousand men have commenced work in the coal mines at the reduced wages. Production is to be pushed rapidly. There is a prospect that the coal trade at the seaboard will become more settled since the troubles that have existed between the great companies comprising the late combination appear to be settled. It is understood, however, that some of the heavier individual operators are about to form a new combination to protect their interests against the encroachments of the transportation companies that have recently raised to a high figure tolls and freights.

—Mr. M. D. Conway chronicles a change in the ways of the English demoiselle. He says in *The Cincinnati Commercial*. "I think, indeed, a considerable change has come over the young English girl in recent years, and I doubt whether Nathaniel Hawthorne, were he not writing about England, would remark so much her reserved, folded-up look and manner as contrasted with those of the American girl in her teens. But, however budlike the English girl may be when at home, she can hold her own on the Continent against any American girl for gush, dash, flirtation, or adventure of any kind. And I fear that all her fold-up-ness when she gets back to London only implies that she is a little hypocrite, as her father and mother are big ones."

The Hanging of the Molly Maguires Postponed.

PHILADELPHIA, September 14.—To-day writs of error were taken out in the Supreme Court in the cases of Carroll, Boyle, McGhean and Hoarty, the four assassins of Policeman York, and also in the case of Campbell, the accessory to the murder of mine boss Jones. The writs were made returnable in January next, and the five Molly Maguires will not be hung for several months to come, if they are hung at all.

Business Failures.

NEW YORK, September 14.—The Architectural Iron Works of this city have failed. The liabilities are $200,000, of which $41,000 is due workmen.

LONDON, September 14.—Miller & Sons, calico printers of Glasgow, have failed. The liabilities are reported to be $500,000.

Two Men Burned to Death.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 14.—Merrit, Jones & Co.'s oil works at Canton were burned this afternoon. Robt. J. McCadden, refiner, and Roger Shiel were burned to death, and others injured. The estimated loss on oil is $15,000, and on buildings $20,000; partially insured.

Powder Mill Explosion.

ROCKLAND, MAINE, September 14.—An explosion occurred yesterday at the Morrow Powder Mills, instantly killing Lyman Belmer, one of the workmen, and probably fatally injuring another.

SECOND EDITION

THE SPORTING WORLD.

American Riflemen Win the International Match.

The Result of Two Days' Shooting —The Americans Win by 22 Over the Irish Team—The Scores Made by Each Marksman.

CREEDMOOR, September 14.—Firing in the international rifle match was resumed shortly before 11 o'clock at the 800 yards range. Each team had a different shooting ground from that used yesterday. The weather was fine for holiday makers, and immense numbers of people arrived by different trains. Fully 5,000 persons were present when the firing was begun. Fulton fired the first shot of the American team at 800 yards, and made a bull's eye, scoring 5. Gildersleeve made three successive bull's eyes. Bodine's first 3 shots were 4, 5, 4. Allen's first shot missed the target. His second scored two only, and his third three. Rathbone's first two shots were 5 and 4. Dakin's first shot was a bull's eye, and Farwell's first four shots scored 4, 5, 4, and 5.

Of the Irish team Rigby led with an "outer," counting two. Dyas made a bull's eye, securing 5, and Fenton made three bull's eyes in succession.

Of the Scotch team Boyd opened with a bull's eye. Thorburn's first five shots were bull's eyes.

The following are the total scores at the 800 yards range:

Canadian team—Mason, 60; Gibson, 69; Cotton, 66; Adam, 66; Bell, 63; Murison, 58; Cruit, 55; Disher, 55; total, 492.

Australian team—Gee, 72; King, 68; Wardell, 67; Smith, 59; Lynch, 61; Draper, 61; Sleep, 64; Slade, 70; total, 522.

Scotch team—Boyd, 66; Whitelaw, 65; Clark, 67; Rae, 61; Mitchell, 63; Frazer, 70; McVittie, 60; Thorburn, 73; total, 525.

Irish team—Rigby, 62; Johnson, 62; Jaynt, 62; Dyas, 62; Ward, 54; Fenton, 62; Milner, 61; Goff, 60.

Australian team—Gee, 62; King, 61; Wardell, 56; Smith, 67; Lynch, 62; Draper, 60; Sleep, 60; Slade, 66.

Scotch team—Boyd, 69; Whitelaw, 57; Clark, 61; Rae, 61; Mitchell, 47; Frazer, 59; McVittie, 61; Thorburn, 57.

Canadian team—Mason, 59; Gibson, 54; Colton, 60; Adam, 60; Bell, 57; Murison, 65; Crouit, 57; Disher, 53.

The 1,000 yards score is as follows: Americans, 509; Irish, 535; Scotch, 498; Australians, 535; Canadians, 476.

American team—Fulton, 58; Bodine, 62; Gildersleeve, 71; Rathbone, 66; Dakin, 54; Farwell, 68; Weber, 65; Allen, 65.

Irish team—Rigby, 67; Johnson; 67; Joynt, 62; Dyas, 71; Ward, 65; Fenton, 69; Milner, 72; Goff, 54.

Australian team—Gee, 62; King, 61; Wardell, 54; Smith, 63; Lynch, 64; Draper, 67; Sleep, 61; Slade, 69—501.

Scotch team—Boyd, 71; Whitelaw, 60; Clark, 61; Rae, 60; Mitchell, 57; Frazer, 53; McVittie, 62; Thorburn, 64—488.

Canadian team—Mason, 61; Gibson, 60; Colton, 60; Adam, 64; Bell, 63; Murison, 59; Cruit, 54; Disher, 55—476.

The Americans won by 22 over the Irish. The American total score for both days is 1,126, Irish 3,104, Australian 3,062, Scotch 3,061, and Canadian 2,923.

After the shooting had ended and its result been announced, deafening cheers for the American and Irish teams, who appeared to be the favorites, rent the air. The best shots of both teams were cheered individually. Addresses congratulatory of the result of the international match by Major Fulton, of the American, Major Leach, of the Irish, Capt. McDonald, of the Scotch, Capt. Morris, of the Australian, and Major O'Reilly, of the Canadian teams. Mr. Milnor, of the Irish, Col. Bodine, of the American, and Mr. Dyas, of the Irish teams, also delivered addresses, and the great crowd separated with cheers for all the teams.

NEW YORK, September 14.—Official returns of the National Rifle Association-made at a late hour to-night, gives the Scotch team a total score of 3,063, which gives that team the third place, instead of the Australian team, whose score is 3,062.

The Turf.

LEXINGTON, KY., September 14—First race, sweepstakes for three year olds; 1¾ miles; won by Necy Hale; time 3:07¾.

Second race, selling; 1¼ miles; won by Largenteen; time 1:58.

Third race, 1 mile 5 furlongs; won by Fenbrook; time 2:51¾.

BOSTON, September 14.—Three heats were trotted to decide the unfinished 2:32 race, won by Arston; time 2:28, 2:29¾, 2:30¾, 2:30¾, 2:31, 2:29, 2:29 and 2:27¾. The unfinished race, 2:24 class, was next concluded, won by Hannah; time 2:23¾, 2:24½, 2:25½, 2:26¾ and 2:24. The 2:36 class; won by Dick Swiveler; time 2:30½, 2:31 and 2:33. 2:29 class Joe Ripley; time 2:28¼, 2:30 and 2:29.

THE MINNESOTA ROBBERS.

They Still Enjoy their Freedom—A Guard Takes to their Heels on the Appearance of Three of the Bandits.

ST. PAUL, September 14.—The campaign of citizens against the Northfield bandits is still in active prosecution. Last night the robbers were corraled in the timber near Mankato, not less than 400 or 500 men being engaged in guarding every point where it was deemed possible an escape could be made. At 2 o'clock this morning three of the robbers appeared at Blue Earth bridge, when the guard took to their heels and the robbers crossed over. At daylight this morning the pursuit was continued, and the camp hurriedly vacated by the robbers discovered. In it was found the coats and blankets of its recent occupants and a half cooked breakfast. The best intelligence is that the bandits have been again surrounded near Minneinnata Falls, Blue Earth county, and their capture is pronounced certain. The present scene of operations is not fifty miles from Northfield, and the fact that the robbers have not escaped, or at least succeeded in getting further away, is undoubtedly because of the thorough knowledge of the country, and that they have become bewildered. The country is heavily timbered, and swampy and wild, and difficult to traverse even under favorable circumstances. The robbers are now without horses, blankets or coats. They apparently have little to eat save green corn, and are altogether having a very rough time of it.

CENTENNIAL NOTES.

Massachusetts Day at the Exposition—A Movement to Prevent the Removal of Frame Shanties.

PHILADELPHIA, September 14.—This is Massachusetts day at the Centennial Exposition. The attendance was large. The grounds were at an early hour crowded with delegations from the Bay State. They came in hundreds and thousands, and the State building was a scene of busy life, streams of visitors thronging the rooms and passing in and out in never ending numbers. Governor Rice, with his staff, held his reception in the building. There was no other proceeding of a formal character. Among the different bodies present was the Board of Trade of Fitchburg, Massachusetts, numbering one hundred and fifty men. To add to the interest of the occasion, Prof. Waddowes, of the Chinese band, and the First Brigade band, played a grand duet.

A movement is being made by the owners of frame buildings near the Centennial grounds to procure an injunction to restrain Mayor Stokely from having their buildings torn down, in accordance with his recent order. The limit of the time allowed for removal expires to-morrow, and to-morrow application for an injunction will be made in court.

THE AGENCY INDIANS.

3,000 Absent from Standing Rock.

ST. PAUL, September 14.—A *Pioneer-Press* special from Bismarck says a complete enrollment of Indians at Standing Rock shows only four hundred lodges, and a total of not over 4,000 Indians. Rations have heretofore been issued on the basis of 7,000, from which it would appear nearly 3,000 are absent, or else a large amount of garbling has been done. Indians are known to have returned from the hostiles, but so stealthily that they could not be caught, and the attempt to disarm hostiles has therefore proved abortive. Grass, chief of the Blackfeet, was arrested on Sunday for harboring and supplying hostiles. The Indians threatened to rescue him, but the garrison was too well prepared to resist, and so the attempt was not made.

NEWS FROM ABROAD.

The Turkish Cabinet's Peace Proposals Confirmed by the Great Council.

"Boss" Tweed Out of Quarantine and Looking Well.

TURKEY.
The Peace Question.

LONDON, September 15.—A Vienna dispatch reports that the great council held by order of the Sultan to reconsider the Cabinet's proposals for peace has confirmed on all points the resolutions passed before. This decision has been submitted to the Sultan. It is of considerable importance when it is remembered how recently the Sultans had uncontroled power, and now their successor must yield to a decision of the Ministry which is against his convictions, or overrule it and change his advisors, unless he can effect a compromise. It is not the interest of either side to carry the conflict to extremes, and a compromise is probable.

The *Times*, in a leader, finds fault with Sir H. G. Elliott for his tardiness in transmitting news regarding the Eastern question. It asks where Mr. Baring's report is, and why it has not appeared, when Mr. Schuyler's report has been so long before the public. Parliament must meet this Autumn if the Government does not make the facts public promptly. The article continues: "We are now passing through a time when momentous issues are hanging in the balance. In the middle of May an object of paramount importance was to prevent Servia and Montenegro from engaging in war. In the middle of September the danger to be avoided is the the appearance of Russia as a belligerent. Every lover of peace must struggle against it. If Russia enters the lists our diplomacy will doubtless become more energetic, but nothing more. We are, however, dwelling on no unreal danger when we declare the present moment big with the issue, whether the war cease or assume new or a more tremendous character."

FRANCE.
Count De Chambord's Health.

LONDON, September 14.—A special from Paris to the *News* says: It is rumored that Count de Chambord is dangerously ill in consequence of the penitential rigors to which he subjected himself during a retreat of nine days.

A Candidate for the Papacy.

The same dispatch says the proposed elevation at the Pope's wish of Father Becx, General of the Jesuits, to a Cardinalship, is the great event of the Catholic world. Father Becx is the future candidate of the Ultramontane party for the Papacy. His election would tend to accelerate the Old Catholic movement in Central Europe, and could not fail, should the Republic go on prospering, to sever the Church and State in France.

SPAIN.
Tweed out of Quarantine.

LONDON, September 14.—Tweed and his Secretary, Hunt, left San Roque quarantine depot for El Cantillo De San Sebastine, and passed through Vigo on foot at midday. Both were looking well, particularly Tweed.

RUSSIA.
Oppression of the Poles.

BERLIN, September 14.—The former independence of Posnania and Prussian authorities has been entirely abolished by Russia, and the office of Secretary of State for Poland is to be suppressed.

THE FIELD OF POLITICS.

Maine Election Returns—The Republican Majority Still Getting Larger—A Number of Towns Not Yet Heard From.

AUGUSTA, ME., September 14.—Carefully revised footings from 444 towns give a total vote of 133,504; Conner 74,601, and Talbot 58,903; Conner's majority 15,698. Nineteen towns and thirty-five plantations are yet unheard from. Returns from eight counties are complete. The Republicans elected one hundred and twenty-one Representatives and perhaps two others, and twenty-nine Senators.

Republican Meeting at Valparaiso, Ind.

VALPARAISO, September 14.—Judge Dittenhoefer, of New York, addressed a large Republican meeting in the court house to night, reviewing in a masterly manner the history of the party and the record of the candidates. Touching the question of non-sectarian schools, in which the Germans were especially interested, he argued that the House passed a useless amendment to mislead the people, but that when the Senate changed it to make effective the guarantee of free schools, that every Democratic Senator voted against it.

Minor Notes.

ST. LOUIS, September 14.—The Republican nominee for Congress in the Seventh Missouri district is Col. John Shaver, not Stevens, as reported last night.

HARTFORD, September 14.—The Republican Convention to-day by acclamation unanimously nominated for Gov. Joseph R. Hawley for Congress from the First district.

LOUISVILLE, September 14.—J. D. C. Atkins was nominated by acclamation today for election as Congressional Representative from the Eighth Tennessee District.

A Lesson to Tramps.

ST. LOUIS, September 14.—Dennis Conners, a watchman in the Chicago & Alton Railroad yards in East St. Louis, while examining trains last night, discovered seven tramps curled up in a freight car containing merchandise. He ordered them to be quiet while he examined the car to see if any goods were missing, but they made a dash and got outside, and started to run. He called on them to halt or he would fire. No attention being paid to his command, he shot one through the heart, killing him instantly. Another was captured. He said they came down from Alton in the car, but had no intention of stealing anything. The Coroner's jury to-day justified Conners' act, and he was released from custody.

The Reunion of the Boys in Blue.

INDIANAPOLIS, September 14.—A large meeting of prominent citizens this afternoon received reports of committees in charge of the National Soldiers' Reunion to be held on the 20th and 21st. Arrangements have been made for the accommodation of all. To further provide for emergencies if the hotel and private facilities should prove insufficient, tents for the quartering of 10,000 men place been provided. Letters and telegrams indicate that not less than 100,000 persons will be in attendance, including all the principal men in the country.

Suit Against a Chicago Whisky Ringite.

CHICAGO, September 14.—In the U. S. Court this forenoon the Government counsel brought a suit against Jake Rehm for the recovery of moneys appropriated by him while conducting the whisky ring here. The suit is brought under section 3,296 of the Revised Statutes, which provides that any person who aids or abets in the removal of highwines to a place other than the distillery warehouse without paying the prescribed tax, shall be liable to a penalty of double the amount of such tax.

Ann Eliza vs. Brigham Young.

SALT LAKE, September 14.—The counsel for ANN ELIZA having refused to give the indemnity bond required by the United States Marshal, Judge Shaffer ordered the release of the property of Brigham Young, and the return of the execution unsatisfied. The attorneys for the plaintiff gave notice for an attachment against the defendent, requiring him to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt.

A Fatal Buggy Ride.

CONCORD, N. H., September 14.—MRS. Fosier and daughter, of Canterbury, while crossing the Montreal Railroad track in a buggy, near the station at East Concord, yesterday, were struck by an engine, and Mrs. Foster instantly killed. The daughter had both legs taken off, and cannot recover. The horse was killed and the buggy demolished.

Gen. Sheridan's Tour.

OMAHA, September 14.—Gen. Sheridan and Col. M. Sheridan passed through here this morning, *en route* to Ft. Laramie, where he is to meet Gen. Crook in a few days, and there arrange for a vigorous prosecution of the Indian war through the coming winter, and the establishment of a large cantonment in the Powder river country.

Marine News.

NEW YORK, September 14.—Arrived—The Russia, from Liverpool, and Pereire, from Havre.

LONDON, September 14.—The steamship Utopia, from New York, has arrived out.

Yellow Fever.

SAVANNAH, September 14.—The yellow fever interments to-day were eighteen.

CLEAN HANDED HAYES.

He is Willing That the Public Should See Any and All of His Income Returns.

COLUMBUS, September 14.—It having been charged, by several Ohio papers, that the revenue officials at Cincinnati had refused to allow any examination to be made of Gov. Hayes' income returns, made while he was a resident there, and intimating that the officials were acting under suggestions from Hayes, your correspondent called upon Governor Hayes this forenoon regarding the matter. The Governor said that he did not know that an application to see his returns had been made or refused, or what rules there were regarding the publicity of such matters, but he certainly had not made any request or communicated in any way with officials or other persons regarding them. While he did not know upon what orders the revenue officials were acting, he was of the opinion that all public records should, in some proper way, be accessible to the public. He had no wish to conceal anything from the public that they had a right to know, and in his opinion an income return came under this head.

South Carolina Republican Convention.

COLUMBIA, S. C., September 15—1 A. M.—In the Republican Convention Chamberlain his just been nominated for Governor on the first ballot. The vote stood—Chamberlain, 88; Dunn, 33; Corbin, 2; Elliott, 1. Other nominations will be made to-morrow.

Daring Railway Robbery.

SALT LAKE, September 14.—This evening about eight o'clock two masked men boarded the Utah Central R. R. train eight miles north of this city, gagged Wells & Fargo's messenger, opened the safe, took $15,000, and made their escape. Officers are in pursuit.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting Last Night.

Improvements Contemplated and in Operation—Final Actions on Bills—A Milk Inspector Wanted —Changing the Date of Election of City Officials—Petitions, Resolutions, &c.

A regular monthly meeting of the Councils of Allegheny City was held last night.

SELECT COUNCIL.

J. C. PATTERSON.....President.
R. T. WHITE.....Clerk.

The members present in this branch were Messrs. Callery, Chambers, Drum, Heagy, Huckestine, Hartman, Krieling, Lindsey, McKelvey, Slack, Sweeny, Voegtly, Wilhelm, Welte, and President Patterson.

The reading of the minutes of the previous meeting was dispensed with.

The following petitions, &c., were presented on the call of the wards:

Mr. McKELVEY, petition for A. C. Thorne, druggist in the market building, for a reduction of his rent. Referred.

Mr. SLACK, petition of five peddlers for the refunding of the fifty dollar license fee paid by them. Referred.

Mr. HEAGY, petition of citizens of the Sixth ward that Mr. Kaiser be allowed to erect a frame stable. Referred.

Mr. CHAMBERS, petition for the grading, paving and curbing of Lowry street. Referred.

Mr. KRELLING, petition of the citizens of Charles street, from Taggart street to the Perrysville plank road, for the passage of an ordinance granting them the privilege of paying the cost of the same in ten annual payments, with six per cent. interest. Referred.

Also, petition of Jacob Rimm for the appointment of viewers to assess damages on the Madison avenue main sewer. Referred.

Mr. HARTMAN, petition for the establishment of a grade on Superior run avenue, in the Ninth ward. Referred.

THE STREET COMMITTEE.

Mr. VOEGTLY presented the report of the Street Committee, which was received and filed. The following accompanying business was disposed of:

Ordinance changing the name of Marquis alley, in the First ward, to Marquis street. Passed.

Ordinance for the construction of a sewer on Federal street, from Montgomery avenue to connect with a sewer on South Diamond street. Passed.

Ordinance for a sewer on Darragh street, from Robinson street to the Allegheny river. Referred back to the committee.

Ordinance changing the viewers on the piping Garden avenue sewer, and appointing W. Jackson and S. Duff, of Chartiers township. Referred.

The report of the Finance Committee was submitted by Mr. Slack, together with the following accompanying business:

Resolution for the payment of $830 to James Reed for damage done to his property on Rialto street, in the Second ward. Passed.

Voegtly offered an amendment that the claim of Mr. James' McBrier, amounting to $848.50, for damage to his property on the same street, be included in the resolution. The amendment was carried, and the resolution was referred back to the Finance Committee to be re-drafted.

A bill, a resolution authorizing the City Controller to withhold the salary of any city officer who may be in arrears to the city until the arrearages are paid. Passed.

Also, Controller's statement of the accounts of city officials and collectors of delinquent taxes, as follows:

Due from city officers	$ 359 35
" " collectors	5,671 27
Total	$46,230 62

The report was received and filed. Two ordinances fixing the time for the election of city officers on the second Thursday of April, and for the making of the appropriations during the month of April were referred back to the Finance Committee to be printed. These changes are made necessary by the fact that the time for the organization of Councils has been changed to the first Monday of April.

Mr. CALLERY read the report of the Water Committee, which was received and filed. The following accompanying resolution authorizing the laying of a six inch water main on Gtreet and Kirkpatrick avenue was passed.

A VETO FROM THE MAYOR.

The Chair read a communication from the Mayor vetoing the ordinance passed on the 10th ult. directing him to detail one member of the police force to act as watchman in City Hall, for the reasons, first, that the Police Committee have sufficient money to pay for the services of a new man, without increasing the taxes for the present year. Second, the present force is now insufficient to protect the city. The Ninth and Eleventh wards, and the hill portion of the Second ward have not a policeman. In conclusion the Mayor stated that he knew of no locality from which an officer could be spared, but he would instruct the one in charge of the district to watch the building. The veto was received and filed, and as no attempt was made to pass the ordinance over it, it prevailed.

Mr. HUCKESTINE called up the ordinance from Common Council revising and fixing the rates of wharfage. Mr. Voegtly said the passage of this bill would result in the loss of considerable income to the city, for the reason that lumber dealers from the upper river regions, having heard that Allegheny City had increased the price of wharfage, were holding the lumber or mooring it elsewhere. On final passage the bill was lost.

Mr. HARTMAN presented a petition for the grading and paving of Bedford street, in the Ninth ward, from Kerr to Superior streets, together with a resolution authorizing the same. Referred.

A large amount of business from Common Council was concurred in. The resolution for a special committee to ascertain whether interments are being made in old Bellevue Cemetery was amended so as to include Uniondale Cemetery. Messrs. Hartman and Huckestine were appointed in behalf of this branch. Messrs. Callery and Slack were appointed on the committee constituted by a C. C. resolution to confer with the officers of the Fort Wayne Railroad relative to the erection of a new depot on Federal street. An ordinance repealing the ordinance regulating the peddling of certain articles within the city limits was referred back to the committee to prepare another that will better meet the views of members.

Adjourned.

COMMON COUNCIL.

J. O. S. GOLDEN.....President
ROBERT DILWORTH.....Clerk

At eight o'clock this branch was called to order and the members who responded to roll were Messrs. Alston, Biber, Armstrong, Bedell, Hunter, Klicker, Landis, Mueller, Neely, Moul, Parkhill, Stone, Schmitt Schauer, Snaman, Selling, Walker and President Golden.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Mr. James Stedeford, elected to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Lingenfelder, of the Third ward, presented his certificate of election and was admitted to a seat after having taken the oath of office.

The following papers were presented and referred to appropriate committees.

Mr. ALSTON presented a petition for a lateral sewer on Lindsay alley, from Jackson to Ledlie streets. Referred.

Mr. PARKHILL, remonstrance against the erection of a frame stable by George Kaiser on Lake street, Sixth ward. Referred.

Mr. SCHAUER, petition for the grading and paving of Red Oak alley, from Long alley to Third street, Third ward. Declared out of order, as the ordinance at a former meeting was indefinitely postponed.

Also, a remonstrance against the grading and paving of parts of Sassafras lane, Seventh ward. Referred.

Mr. WALKER, resolution for the repairing of River avenue, between McFadden street and Pine street. Referred.

Mr. SNAMAN, petition for a sewer drop in front of Young & Booth's brewery, on Rebecca street. Referred.

Also, petition for refunding to a number of merchants the license paid for peddling in wagons, as the city, as they allege, has not kept its agreement to prevent all parties who do not pay a license from peddling. Referred.

Also, an ordinance repealing a portion of an ordinance relative to making openings in streets. It provides that the parties who make the openings shall repave them at their own expense. Referred.

Mr. ARMSTRONG, a resolution requesting the Mayor to enforce the ordinance prohibiting butchers and grocery men from purchasing produce during market hours. Referred.

THE HEALTH COMMITTEE.

Mr. BEDELL, of the Health Committee, reported a resolution authorizing the Odorless Excavating Company to clean cesspools during the day time, also an ordinance reducing the price of permits from $2 to fifty cents each, as is the case in other cities. They recommended that the resolution and ordinance be referred back for printing. Owing to the prevalence of smallpox the appropriation of the committee has been exhausted and overdrawn $600. A resolution was presented authorizing the transfer of $1,200 from the Contingent to the Health fund. The committee also recommended the passage of an ordinance providing for the inspection of milk, which reads as follows:

SECTION 1.—Be it ordained, &c, that it shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale within the city limits, any milk adulterated with water or other substance, or milk obtained from diseased cows. Section 2.—It shall be the duty of all persons engaged in the milk business to report their names and place of business to the Milk Inspector, and to have their names painted conspicuously on each vehicle used in connection with the furnishing of milk. Section 3.—Any person violating any of the provisions of the foregoing sections, shall be subject to a fine for each offence of not less than three nor more than twenty-five dollars. Section 4.—That the Meat Inspector, in addition to his present duties, shall also act as Milk Inspector, and shall enforce the provisions of this ordinance.

The report was received and filed, and the resolution relative to the Odorless Excavating Company, the ordinance fixing the price of permits and the resolution for a transfer were referred back for printing. The ordinance providing for the inspection of milk was passed finally.

Mr. ALSTON, of the Gas Committee, reported a resolution for the erection of a gas lamp and post at the corner of School and Kilbuck streets, First ward. Passed.

NO LOAFING.

Mr. HUNTER, of the Market Committee, made the following report of receipts for the month of August, 1876:

Diamond Market	$1,465 17
Second ward Scales	191 00
Diamond Scales	217 49
Total	$1,873 66

An ordinance was recommended for passage, prohibiting loafing, lyitering and promenading in and around the market house during market hours. The report was received, and considerable discussion ensued on the ordinance.

Mr. LANDIS moved to indefinitely postpone the ordinance, as it is too broad and dangerous to personal liberty. Carried.

Mr. SELLING, of the Committee on Wooden Buildings, reported an ordinance granting Alex. McGilvery the right to erect a frame butcher shop on Beaver avenue, between Locust and Franklin streets. Passed.

Mr. WALKER, of the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose, reported a resolution authorizing the purchase of an alarm bell to be placed on the Good Will House, Sixth ward. This had been previously reported favorably and asked for by a petition of citizens. The petition is signed by 154 residents in the lower part of Allegheny city. The report was received and the resolution laid over until the next meeting.

Old Select Council business was then taken up and the ordinances for the grading, paving and curbing of the Troy Hill road to Sassafras lane, of Sassafras lane from Gang avenue to Straubs lane, and of Straubs lane from Sassafras lane to Roesler street, passed in S. C. July 13th, were, in Common Council, disposed of as follows: The Troy Hill road, Gang avenue and Straubs lane bills were lost for want of a legal majority, and the Sassafras lane ordinance was indefinitely postponed.

A resolution paying McNaugher & Co. the sum of $7,465.76, being the city's assessment for the improvement of the Troy Hill road, was passed.

Resolution paying the claims of J. C. Kirkpatrick and Wm. Thaw on illegal assessments for the grading of the Perrysville road, passed.

An ordinance repealing a part of an ordinance passed December 11, 1873, widening Perrysville avenue. In S. C. August 10, passed, C. C., September 14, lost for want of a legal majority.

An ordinance widening Perrysville avenue, from Buena Vista street to the intersection of Federal lane, indefinitely postponed.

FILING A BOND.

Resolution for filing the bond of the city in the matter of widening Middle alley, or Lake street, from North avenue to Sampson street. Passed.

An ordinance amending an ordinance passed August 13, 1874, for the grading, paving and curbing of Bidwell street, from Franklin street to Washington avenue. Passed.

Resolution for the vacation of a part of Bidwell street and Lake alley by the Court of Quarter Sessions. Laid over until the next meeting.

Resolution for water mains on Preble avenue and Franklin street, (Hoerr's Island.) Passed.

Resolution relieving Jesse Sutton from his assessment on the construction of the Ravine street sewer. Passed.

New Select Council business was next taken up, and all actions of that body concurred in except in relation to the report of the viewers on the opening of Monroe street which, in Select Council was squashed, in Common Council was laid over until the next meeting.

Adjourned.

MANUFACTURING NOTES.

The Iron Industries of Pittsburgh and the Adjacent Country.

BRADLEY, EEIS & Co., New Castle, are running on sheet iron.

THE large mill of Zug & Co., started up this week; so the entire works is now running.

THE Shoenberger Furnace No. 1 has its new hearth completed, and is ready for work.

BOTH rolling mills at Sharon are working double turns in nearly every department.

ABOUT a dozen men employed in the Chemical Copper Works in Phœnixville, have been discharged.

MR. HIRAM VEACH has disposed of his interest in the Fanny Furnace, at Middlesex, to some gentleman in Erie.

REPAIRS on Keel Ridge Furnace, Mercer county, are progressing slowly, but they will be completed some time this fall.

THE lining, boshes, &c., of Westerman's furnace, No. 1, Sharon, is completed. This furnace has been changed from a closed to an open top.

CHESS, SMYTH & Co. are erecting two more puddling furnaces in their tack factory which must denote that they have a heavy at-tack of orders.

A. GARRISON & Co. have recently received a large number of orders for rolls ranging from 4,200 to 4,500 lb. Business with this firm is improving.

BAIRD & Co. have put in operation in Allegheny a chain and ring factory. The products are made on a machine invented by a senior member of the firm.

MESSRS. MARSHALL & BROS. are putting up a steam elevator at the West Penn Asylum, at Dixmont; also making a large lot of housen screws for rolling mills for a firm in this city.

BAUMANN, SUNDAY & Co., of the Cooperative Steam Boiler Works, on Duquesne Way, are making two large soap kettles and tanks for Metzer & Co., Evansville, Ind.

THE proprietors of Sligo Rolling Mill still refuse to sign the puddlers' scale, and the latter cannot go to work unless they leave the Union or the Union recedes from its position.

THE Etna Iron Works, New Castle, has been idle for some time, to allow of putting in new foundations under rolls, squeezers and a new fly wheel pit. It will be in operation in about two weeks.

THE Shoenberger mills are running full except the small mill, which was stopped two weeks ago by the breaking of the large fly wheel. The damage is now repaired and the mill is about to start up again.

THE works of the Pittsburgh Keg and Barrel Factory having been burned about a month ago, a large stable near the site of the former building has been leased, in which twenty-two men are working full time.

THE South Side machine shops of Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, are running night and day, the demand being principally from the oil country for oil well rigging. Their business is better than at this time last year.

KIMBERLY, CARNES & Co., Sharon, are running their works double turn on cotton ties and hoop iron, having erected a new addition to their hoop mill, which is now 90x406 feet. It is under the management of Ed. Roberts.

The resumption of operations last week at the Sable Iron Works and the Pittsburgh Bolt Iron Works, both of which had yielded to the pressure of the times, may fairly be taken as an augury of better days in the Pittsburgh iron trade.

Ozenger, Loveridge & Jones have been awarded the contract for the stacks, boiler walls for the new water works, at $11,485.25. T. N. Miller, of the Atlas Works, has received the contract for the machinery necessary to complete the pumping house.

Messrs. Charles & McMurtry are putting in considerable new machinery, greatly increasing their capacity for the manufacture of hot pressed nuts, and as the machinery has crowded upon the former office premises a large warehouse and new office rooms have been secured.

The National Tube Works Company, Chalfant & Co., Evans, Dalzell & Co., of this city, Morris, Tasker & Co., of Philadelphia, Seyfert, McManus & Co., of Reading, and Allison & Son are making the pipe that will transmit the oleaginous fluid to the seaboard. Chester, on the Delware, is said to have been fixed upon as the eastern terminus of the line.

AB

DAILY GAZETTE

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield St.

JOSIAH KING.....N. P. REED.....GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Official Paper of Allegheny County.

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FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1876.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 52f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 103.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 110¾.

THE Republican National Committee are very jubilant over the prospects in Indiana.

JOHN KELLY significantly resigned as elector-at-large at the State Democratic Convention in New York. It means, of course, that he will not be a mere tool for TILDEN.

GENERAL BUTLER was nominated for Congress by a handsome majority, at Lowell. He will, we do not doubt, make a successful canvass in his home district this year.

WHEN the *Post* quotes what the *Sun* says about Vermont, and makes it do duty as against our quotation, direct from the *Sun*, about Maine, it is hardly in position to talk about lying.

THERE should be no complaints when we suggest that the *Post* do not advocate the election of our Irish Roman Catholic candidate. It is merely an effort, on our part, to keep the *Post* from doing harm, through excess of religious zeal. Be easy, now.

THE abuse lavished on the administration at Washington, for securing the capture of TWEED, by the New York *Sun*, shows exactly where the shoe pinches. It fears that TWEED may in some way be used against TILDEN.

THE troubles in the Biscay provinces of Spain are not at all new, and rest upon well defined *data*. The people of that province never fully surrendered their right of self-government, and the Madrid Government has been treating them of late as if they had. Thus they resist, and will probably carry the issue to war, if need be.

THE situation in Turkey increases in gravity, and the Great Powers are using the most energetic language, to prevent her from pursuing a fatal course. Russia is evidently ready to take part in the war, whenever a sufficient pretext shall offer. The situation will prove very critical, soon, unless the Sultan, in accord with prevailing rumors, determines to act moderately, in the interest of peace.

WE hope it is true that the Indians desire peace, although we fear there is not much in it except to tide over the winter. If we rightly understand General SHERMAN's statement, the Government proposes to carry on a winter campaign, with a view of absolutely breaking the power of the hostile tribes. It will require some rough fighting, but the authorities, including the President, have confidence in CROOK as an Indian fighter. The severe winter of the North will make it hard work for the soldiers.

THROUGH the blunderings and mismanagement of the Democratic politicians, in New York, the State is thought by Republicans, now, to be sure for MORGAN, while the Independents make no secret of their belief that Democracy has been badly injured if not placed utterly beyond hope. All that is wanted now to finish TILDEN in New York, is the prompt return of his friend TWEED, through the efforts of the administration and his confession. Sleepy as SAMMY is, he can hardly stand such an exposure as the Boss can make.

THE Democratic State ticket, placed in the field at last, in New York, is worthy of some thought. Utterly impoverished for want of good material,—men who could stand the test of public criticism—resort was finally made to the ranks of the Liberal Republican organization for candidates for the highest offices in the State. LUCIUS ROBINSON, in 1872, acted with the independent element of Democracy, but strongly sympathized with Liberal Republicanism, finally going over to that party, whilst DORSHEIMER—nominated for Lieutenant Governor—was an original Republican, of the most Radical school, and finally gravitated through Liberalism to unsavory Democracy. The fact is worthy of notice, on account of the exhibit made, that original New York Democrats are all so strongly tainted with either fraud or treason, that their candidacy is made impossible. They are the kind that DIX referred to when he issued his famous order.

WE only need to remind our friends that Colonel ROBERT INGERSOLL, of Illinois, speaks at the old City Hall, Market street, this evening, to assure a large attendance. This eloquent gentleman is on his way home from Maine, where he rendered such noble service to the cause. As an orator he is not excelled, and his work this year has been of great value. He spoke at Cooper Institute, New York, and in Philadelphia, on his way here, and to-night will address the people of this city. We invite, not merely Republicans, but Democrats, to hear him. The campaign, thus far, has been comparatively free from asperities, and there is not enough prejudice awakened to prevent any from listening to the orators of opposing sides. We have no fear of Republicans listening to Democratic orators, and on the other hand invite Democrats to listen to Republicans. Let there be an interchange of this kind, and out of it, we trust the wisest conclusions may be reached. Go hear INGERSOLL to-night.

THE Philadelphia *Times* does not often say complimentary things of the Republican party or its orators, but it has this to say of Colonel INGERSOLL, who speaks in this city this evening: "Colonel INGERSOLL will speak for the Republican party at the Forrest Mansion this evening, and special accommodations have been provided for ladies. INGERSOLL has suddenly burst upon the East as the bright particular star of his party, mainly because of his masterly presentation of the cause of Mr. BLAINE to the Cincinnati Convention, and he well deserves the distinction he enjoys as a popular orator. He is sometimes rather more forcible than elegant, but he is always forcible, and that's something these days of namby-pamby or rut-bound rhetorical inflictions. Some of his New England speeches were quite below the exceptional standard of his Cincinnati speech, but he will not be likely to thin out the vast audience that is certain to welcome him to-night. He is, besides, a man of positive opinions, and he will speak them or be silent. He is an artist in waving the bloody shirt, and can say more telling things for his side in thirty minutes than the average campaigner could say in a week. The campaign orators of all parties couldn't spend an evening more profitably than by studying 'Bob' INGERSOLL."

WE hope that at to-night's meeting, where Col. INGERSOLL is expected to speak, as little display as possible will be made in the neighborhood of City Hall by the marching clubs. The general good effect of these torch bearers is pronounced and recognized, but the vicinity of a public meeting, where speaker and hearers need quiet, is not the best place for their evolutions. Let the marching be done either before or after the speaking, or away from the stand, far enough, that the meeting may not be disturbed. Better have no marching at all on the evening of a public meeting, except just enough of a troop as will form a suitable and prompt escort to the distinguished speakers who are to address the meeting. Let the torchbearers have an opportunity to attend the meeting and hear the speeches, which they cannot do, without disturbing others, the glare of the torches. Opportunity will be given for grand display of the marching clubs before the campaign ends, but we insist that the worst time for this is on the night of a great public meeting where all are desired to be in attendance as listeners.

TO BE EXPLAINED.

If we may trust the statements given to the public, Mr. TILDEN proposes to set at rest the income tax charges, by a "crushingly responsive" statement. He had the same assurance relative to the Terra Haute Railroad charges, but the performance fell far short of the high sounding phrases of the manifesto. It may be accepted as certain that the Republican press will give full publicity to the explanation, and not suppress it, as did the Democratic press the explanation of the charges manufactured against HAYES. But in order that Mr. TILDEN may know just what he is expected to explain, we will state the points that are considered clear against him. 1. His two affidavits are contradictory, both as to terms and facts. One claims that his *receipts from all sources*, in 1862, aggregated $7,118. The other, that from two distinct sources, his receipts for that same year, aggregated $20,000. He must explain how the word *receipt* can be made to cover two distinct and different sums, one declaration under oath being that the smaller sum covered all his receipts. 2. This explanation must be so full and convincing as to show, not only that he did not commit perjury, but that he did not swindle the Government. And here he must not only traverse the record of his second affidavit, but several other items of fact that can be proven, it is alleged. These items include fees from other railroads, and gains in stock speculations, which, so far as known, aggregate a total of $108,000. It is not believed that the items ascertained include all his gains for those years, but that they are tangible and clearly proven, so far as they go. And after all possible deductions are made, there remained over $80,000 of receipts in 1862, on which he should have paid tax to the Government. He should explain how he could avoid doing this, and not swindle the Government. 3. He should give a good reason, "crushingly responsive," why he allowed himself to be assessed at $15,000 income, and pay the tax, rather than make a return. To say it was his privilege under the law, is not the kind of answer required. He is a "Reform" candidate for the Presidency, and assumes a high order of virtue as belonging to him. He must be tested by his pretensions. If he had less than $15,000 income, at the time named, he allowed himself to be imposed upon, when he could easily have prevented it. This, of course, is entirely unlikely. If he made more than $15,000 during any of those years, he swindled the Government out of its honest dues, by his concealment and silence. Hence it is purely a question of honesty; and if he could dishonestly evade the payment of a few hundred dollars to the Government, in the time of distress and need, what assurance have we that he is sufficiently reformed not to swindle it on a larger scale, should a fair opportunity offer? It is absolutely necessary, in order to his clearance, that "crushingly" responsive answers should be made to these points.

But a candidate who, *par excellence*, is a reformer, needs to go even further than to clear his skirts of damaging charges. He should show in clear and unmistakable terms that he has the surroundings and qualifications for doing the work he promises. His reform operations in New York amount to just this: He saw it to his personal interest to make fight upon one branch of his party, and did so. It is not a new thing in politics. Fights between different rings and cliques are almost always occurring, and his fight against uncongenial elements in Tammany is not at all new. But did it involve any purposes higher than those of selfishness and revenge? Is JOHN MORRISSEY the natural associate of a person animated by high motives? Does the branch of Tammany with which TILDEN co-operates represent any higher ideal of political purity than the KELLY faction? In reality, so far as the small, cheating schemes of politics go, it is notorious that TWEED's ring is more unscrupulous than is KELLY's. MORRISSEY is a gambler and desperado, yet he is TILDEN's closest adviser. Add to this the general reputation of TILDEN in politics. His friends speak of him as "astute" and shrewd, in managing the details of elections. What idea is intended to be conveyed by such phrases, used in this connection? Simply that he understands the tricks and cheatery of politics, and can resort to dishonest contrivances, if need be. Is this the general reputation of a reformer? Can a man who has lived, much of his life, in an atmosphere of deception and fraud, until he is saturated with it, and his very name is a synonym for trickery, suddenly become an honest, and sincere leader in a work of Reform? While he is explaining, all these things had as well be included.

Much has been said by the Democratic press which, properly interpreted, means that HAYES is too innocent to penetrate the disguises of political rascality, and not firm enough of purpose to prove a real leader of his party. Many such things were said of ABRAHAM LINCOLN. Our observation is, that an honest, straightforward man, fairly educated, well endowed with common sense, and who has been trained, by intercourse with the people, to understand their thoughts and wishes, is best adapted to the work of Reform, so far as it may be needed. Naturally, TILDEN would seek to fill all the positions, small and great, under the Government, with his followers. HAYES would simply seek to purify the departments. TILDEN would seek to revolutionize the principles on which the Government is constructed. HAYES would reform them. What TILDEN would be compelled to do for Confedrate soldiers and war claims is hard to tell. HAYES would do nothing. But the striking contrast between the two candidates is, that one feels called upon to make a "crushingly responsive" statement, to clear himself from the charge of perjury and swindling, and the other does not. Choose ye between them.

POLITICAL NOTES.

ANTI-TILDEN is the most respectable of the family.

THE Democrats made a "still hunt" in Maine, and met with a silent defeat.

TWENTY-ONE bran new Governors is the political crop of the Centennial year.

THE Richmond *Enquirer*, failing to receive that barrel of money, has suspended.

THOUGH Mr. Tilden never married, it is known now that he was very fond of misrepresentation in 1862.

DEMOCRATIC candidates all over the country continue to decline. The form of standing up to be knocked down is getting somewhat stale.

As to refusing to support Tilden and Hendricks, General Tuttle, of Iowa says: "I don't see how an intelligent soldier can do anything else, as the rebels and copperheads are now running the party their own way.

IF there should be a paragraph in the Washington dispatches saying that the conscience fund of the Treasury had received $10,000 on account of income tax due but not paid, how people would wonder who sent it.

THINGS may grow worse if that party which has invented and patented the system of booty should come into power under that Tilden who has grown to be sixty years of age before he bethought himself of reform.—*Carl Schurz.*

COL. INGERSOLL says of Tilden: "He courted men because women cannot vote, and he has adopted a rag baby that really belongs to a person whose name is Hendricks, alias 'reform.' At present his principal business is explaining, or trying to explain, how he came to adopt that child."

THE Springfield editor points this moral of the Charleston riot: "If stones and revolvers are to be a part of the arguments of the political campaign in the South, they will and should be used on both sides. Murder being a political necessity, its reign will be briefer, and the peace that follows more sure, if there is a corresponding number of victims on both sides."

"BLUE JEANS" Williams, Democratic candidate for Governor of Indiana, does not appear to have been nominated for his beauty. A Western correspondent, rather extravagantly, we think, says: "His mouth looks as though it had been put on warm, and ran all over the lower part of his face before it got set, and it opens like the opening of navigation in the spring."

THE Democrats have been bragging very loudly that Governor Tilden has saved New York some five million dollars in decreased taxes, but it turns out now, as the Comptroller's last report shows, that this reduction is simply due to the extinguishment of the State debt in the ordinary course of liquidation, and that the cost of Mr. Tilden's State administration is just as costly, if not more than any preceding.

AN Iowa gentleman was waited upon by a delegation, eulogistically addressed, and informed that he was chosen President of a Tilden club. It took him some time to apprehend the intention of the committee. "Tilden?" said he, "Tilden? Why, bless my soul, I am going to vote for Hayes! See here, Slagle, hunt out the man who started the report that I was a Tilden man, and begin suit for slander." The committee retired.

WHEN the arithmetic man of the *World* heard the news from Maine, he was cast down for a moment, for it seemed that even his skill could not pluck victory from the 15,000 thorns that hedged the figures, but a happy thought suddenly struck him, and perceiving that 4,000 Democrats voted this year who did not last, he immediately sat down and produced an elaborate article which conclusively shows if this thing is kept up until A. D. 2854, the Democratic party will carry Maine. The information was received with the greatest rejoicing throughout the country, and "jollifications" were ordered up all around.

"IT MIGHT HAVE BEEN."

Dear Pat, it's in sorrow I'm writin,
And sorry, ye'll own, that the news is,
For Saymore, the Dimocrats' darlin,
The honor we've done him, refuses.
Refuses as flat as your han', Sir!
Has got up his back, and is mad;
Says, Won't I yees take 'no' for an answer?
I'm *sick* wid your questions, bedad!"

They say, now, he railly does mean it,
But, it's none of us can't understand—
How a Dimocrat, offered an office,
Should refuse it like this, out of hand!
Could Dimocrats, could as the country,
Says the likes of it niver was seen:
How could they believe, then, that Saymore
Did'nt say more, bedad, than he'd mean?

But he *did* 'at, and no use in cryin'!
Yit I've sat here, dear Pat, and I've mused;
Thinkin' over the glorious futur
'Tis been ours, ef he And'nt refused!
Wid Tilden an Hendricks an Saymore,
We'd 'a' jist had the three kingdom come,
For Greenback, Secession, and Whiskey
Make the Dimocrat Milley-neum!

Wid Hendricks to grind out the greenback,
And make money cheaper than dirt,
Every Dimocrat son-of-his-mother
Might, at least, have a tail to his shirt!
They talk about "*hard* money," "*soft* money,"
But what is the differ, who knows?
All money is hard—in the country,
And all money soft—when it goes!

They say Tilden stands for the "hard" sort,
But there's nothin so stubborn as fat is!
And he proved that in soft 'twas his faith was
When it comes to the question of taxes!
For so divilish soft was his income
That he squeezed it ridiculous small,
So that while the collector came rallin',
He found—next to nothin at all!

So, if Saymore had only accepted,
We'd 'a had Tilden, President, *shure*,
And this when the tax man came bothrin,
We'd 'a all up and showed him the door,
For, Sammy would ne'er had the meanness
To force us our taxes to pay,
When, how Uncle Sammy is diddin,
He'd a showed us the handiest way!

An' the South! Saymore, Tilden, an Hendricks
Ud' a brought back the jolly old days
When a man could raise niggers to wallop,
And could wallop the niggers he'd raise!
But now all our fat's in the fire,
And it makes a ridiklius blaze,
I'm afreed it will turn out a bayton
To welcome the election of Hayes!

Rifle Shooting at the International Match.

It may be interesting to persons unacquainted with the *modus operandi* of rifle practice to know how it is conducted. In the first place the target is composed of four chilled iron slabs, six feet long by three feet wide, erected vertically and presenting a smooth surface twelve feet long by six feet in width. Upon this surface is painted a round "bull's-eye," which is three feet in diameter; a "centre" line, encircling the bull's-eye, which is fifty-four inches in diameter, and two perpendicular lines, on either side of the centre line, three feet from the outer edge of the target. The bull's-eye counts five, the centre four, the space between the centre and outer line, which is called the "inner," three, and the spaces outside of the perpendicular lines, which are called the "outers," two. The marker occupies a space below the target and signals the location of the several shots as follows: A bull's-eye, with a white disc; centre with a red disc; an "inner" with a "magpie," or a white disc, with a black cross, and an "outer" with a black disc. If a shot strikes the ground in its transit from the rifle to the target, it is called a "rico chet," and is signaled by waving a danger flag three times in front of the target, and then marking the shot. If the shot strikes an "angle iron," or one of the supports of the target, the marker raises his danger flag opposite the target, vertically, three times in succession.

A "Society" Want.

New York hails the expected arrival of a bride who "has the tact, the time, the taste, the means, the space, the cultivation, the position and sympathy" to bring together people of diverse opinions and habits and fuse them into a happy social whole. The possession is what that city never had the credit of having, and never had as this city enjoyed it in Mrs. Rush's day. Alice Cary collected more real ability in her pleasant drawing-rooms while she lived than could be found the whole length of any avenue. The late Mrs. Field did it, and until her ill health, Miss Mary Booth succeeded in entertaining simply but graciously many whom the aspiring dames of society longed to receive. There is culture as well as wealth in New York; but offended at the exhibitions made by the latter, the former has steadily retired until its existence is known little beyond its own circle. It would be a very white day for the city and an useful one for the country could a savor of the gracious and intelligent social intercourse that has had so great a charm in London, Edinburgh, Paris —in Germany and Italy, be transplanted to our largest city, and something of the supremacy of mere wealth and dress be contested by the culture of art, of literature, of science—of intellectual proficiency of any kind. If the coming bride helps that she will be worth more than a year's ordinary immigration. There are other cities besides New York where such a want is felt.

Tilden's Prospective Cabinet.

The Burlington *Hawkeye* has private information that it is the intention of Partial Taxpayer Tilden, should he be, by any strange accident, elected, to constitute his Cabinet thus:

Secretary of State, Fitzhugh, biger man than Grant.

Secretary of the Treasury, Hon. Wm. Tweed, escaped thief.

Secretary of the Navy, Hon. Rafael Semmes, pirate.

Secretary of War, Hon. John Morrissey, pugilist.

Secretary of the Interior, Jefferson Davis, sleeping car conductor.

Postmaster General, Proctor Knott, (other men's) letter carrier and keeper.

Attorney General, Charles Starr, lawyer.]

NASBY ON THE MILITARY.

He Protests Against the Employment of Federal Troops in the Southern States on Election Day.

CONFEDRIT X ROADS,
WICH IS IN THE STATE UV KENTUCKY,
September 9th, 1876.

There is dismay in the Cross Roads sence we hed the directions of Attorney-General Teft red'o us, threatenin the employment uv troops in the Southern States, about eleckshun time, we feel that all hope uv freedom is gone, and that we mite jest as well git out our chains and go to the clankin uv 'em, first ez last. When the Cross Roads can't run its eleckshun in its own way, ther ain't no more freedom. Freedom is throttled, and ef she don't shreek now she is a tuffer old virgin then I ever give her credit for bein.

What is the necessity uv sendin troops down here on eleckshun day? To pertect the niggers? Can't WE pertect em? Shan't we hev the guardin uv the ballot box, and won't we see that everybody votes, wich we consider entitled to the ballot? This is an outrage wich is well calkelatid to onsettle the devoshen uv me and Issaker Gavitt to the Govenment.

To show how onnessary this interference is I will state that we hed already made full and ample preparashens for a peeceful and quiet eleckshun. We hed organized the white citizens uv the Corners into a guard to preserve the purity uv the ballot box, and to see that no disturbin elemence come in. Uv course we excloodid from the arrangement, Pollock, Bigler, and the two carpet-baggers who hev a wagon factory here, wich they bilt ten years ago and wich hez disturbed us ever sence, ez they are both Republikins. We hed taken an invoice uv the shot-guns in the naberhood, and hed detaled our quickest and most akkerit shots to yoose em, and hed matters so arranged that ther cooden't be no disturbance at the polls.

Our method wuz simple and states manlike—I originatid it. That ignorance mite not be pleaded ez an excoose, we notified all the niggers within the limit uv this precinct, that to prevent trouble they must not come to the polls or attempt to vote. That ef they wood keep keerfully at home all that day they wood not be molestid or harmed, but that ef they attemptid to vote or in any way interfere with the eleckshun trubble wood inevitably ensoo. We also, in the interest of peece, hed men detaled to stand on eech road to stop all niggers wich shood pressoom to move towards the village that day, with strict instrukshens that ef they persisted in comin, to promptly blow the top uv ther heds off. "Peece at all hazards," wuz our determinashen.

In the precinct below us they wuz not so conservative. To prevent trubble on eleckshun, day they determined to kill the heft uv em before, and very many uv our people insisted that that wuz the best method, but I refoozed to do it. I am naterally conservative and yieldin.

To show how much we desire peece I will state that we hev two niggers at the Corners wich profess Dimocrisy. They hang around Bascom's and we hev toleratid em, for they act ez nerely ez we do ez it is possible for niggers. They desired to vote, and Deekin Pogram wuz in favor uv lettin uv em. Our citizens protested. "Its establishin a precedent," sed Issaker Gavitt, "ef one nigger votes, why not all—and when a nigger votes the flood-gates is broke down."

"But," sed I, "ken we afford to lose them two votes for Tilden and Reform?"

"Ef we keep them out, and need them two votes, can't you and I, in the interest uv Reform, vote twice?" said Issaker.

And so, rather than violate a principle, we hev excicoded Dimocratic votes.

This ought to be satisfactory to the government. The niggers know very well that the site uv me uv em, in a white mob, on eleckshun day, a ridin uv his own mule, while I, his sooperior, am obleeged to come afoot, it wood drive me to the verge uv madnis."

And every nigger knows that when Issaker is drivin to the verge uv madnis at a nigger, and hez his shot gun handy, that nigger is very apt to become a colored angel. Why, then, can't they keep out uv Issaker's way? Why do these inferior beins goad us to desperashun with the mules, and boots and other things? Why do they provoke us? Knowin as well ez they do that their presence irritates us, why do they insist on showin theirselves on eleckshun days, when we are together in sich numbers?

And then suppose that under the perteckshun uv these bloo-kotid hirelins, the niggers should all vote and shood elect Republikin offishls! Suppose them niggers, under driver uv Fedrel muskits, shood lose that discreshun wich a shot gun inspires, and shood pressoom to challenge sich onnaturalized voters ez we generally bring up to swell our majorities for moral effect, and compel us to reject em! And suppose that by tyrannic they should carry this precint, and git a voice in things? Suppose they shood git the power to levy taxes for township and moonissipal purposes, and guided by Pollick, Bigler, and the carpet baggers, shood compel us to pay taxes, and do work on the roads and sich! Further, suppose that the power shood pass out uv our hands and into *their's!* The Corners shudders when it contemplates sich a possibility.

I warn the minyuns uv power at Washington not to trifle with us. We want no Fedrel soljers here—we saw enuff uv them some years ago. We hev acceptid the situyooation—discontent is dangerous in a Republic. We may be crushed, but—remember Poland!

Uv course we shel hold a meetin to pertest agin this outrage. The Corners alluz holds a meetin. Its a safety valve. It likes it. Becoz when we meet to pertest agin any denyin uv our rite to control the nigger the citizens git excitid, and in ther forgetfulnis actily pay for their drinks; the citizens like it becoz it gives them an excoose for blastin the town ez much ez they otherwise wood. Whenever they take a drink on sich occasions they feel that they hev discharged a patriotic dooty. A more patriotic people I never lived upon. We shel pass a series uv stingin resoolooshuns, and then wait in dignified silence to see if our protest will be disregarded. In the interest uf peece I hope not.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY, Reformer.

P. S.—I notis that Tweed is capchered. Ef the Dimocrisy uv Noo York ever permit him to cum off uv a ship alive, they are ideots. Merciful Hevins! the idee uv his being brot here to tell wat he knows uv rings, with Tilden ez a reform candidate! Whenever a Dimocratic statesman gits thro with steelin he ought, for the sake uv his survivors, to be immejitly killed. The bringin back uv Tweed is a Republikin trick. It is takin a mean advantage uv our reform candidate. Ef Willyum hez the stubs uv his check-book about his person, Tilden is a lost man.

Speech of Marshal Moltke.

Marshal Moltke being entertained by the municipality of Chemnitz, in Saxony, a few days ago, said:

"There are periods in the life of peoples in which the chief part to be played is given to one particular class of the nation. The German people passed through one of those epochs six years ago. We are now again living in a time of struggle, but it is a struggle which is not being fought on bloody battlefields. It is the struggle of intelligence which is going on with the same neighboring people on the pacific ground of national development. May this struggle also result in brilliant victories. I am at this moment the guest of a great industrial town which is engaged in the front rank in this struggle of intelligence. I wish it the prize of the victory. We hope for a durable, free and powerful development."

The French papers attach significance to this speech and applaud it.

Good Advice for Him.

Here is a letter, says the Toledo *Blade*, which was picked up on a side street:

DEER BILL.—Doant kum to see me enny moar for a while enny way. Father has got awfully skeered about burglars and he sets up every night till lait with a double-barrelled shot gunn, watching the backyard. He put moren a pound uv led into Smith's big nufoundland dog which was kummin over the feuse after a bone last nite.

The rose is red; the violets blue,
I wouldn't kreome now if I were you.
Yours, as ever, NANCY.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President, John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents, A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Pellaubee, Robert C. Schmertz,
Secretary and Treasurer—CHAS. G. MILNOR.
Solicitor—JOHN H. BAILEY.

MY WIFE

Insist on using only B. T. Babbitt's Best Soap.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES, of Ohio.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER, of New York.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS—TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
RUSSELL ERRETT, of Robinson township.
CONGRESS—TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
THOMAS M. BAYNE, of Allegheny City.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
HUGH MCNEILL, of Allegheny City.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
JOS. M. GAZZAM, of Second ward, Pittsburgh.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT,
JOHN C. NEWMYER, of Wilkins township.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT,
JNO. GILFILLAN, of Upper St. Clair township.
ASSEMBLY—FIRST DISTRICT,
JAMES D. WALKER, Allegheny City.
HENRY M. LONG, Allegheny City.
WILLIAM H. GRAHAM, Allegheny City.
ASSEMBLY—SECOND DISTRICT,
R. S. FRAZER, Second ward, Pittsburgh.
WILLIAM J. FLINN, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY—THIRD DISTRICT,
No nomination.
ASSEMBLY—FOURTH DISTRICT,
J. MITCHELL, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh.
S. MCELROY, Jr., Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh.
A. H. WEAVER, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
J. M. SHAFER, Twenty-ninth ward, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY—FIFTH DISTRICT,
JOSEPH A. STONE, McKeesport.
W. H. MCGILL, West Deer township.
ASSEMBLY—SIXTH DISTRICT,
VINCENT MILLER, North Fayette.
WILLIAM HILL, Chartiers borough.
PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
TREASURER,
WM. MCCALLIN, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh.
CORONER,
JOSEPH A. THOMAS, Twenty-third ward.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN KNOWLAND, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JOHN HERRON, Shaler township.

Two New Words Explained.

"Monetize" and "demonetize" are newly made words, and, as applied to silver coin here and abroad, carry with them a very clear meaning. Certain coins are monetized when they are made legal tender in the payment of debts and demonetized when that quality is taken from them. The right to create words to express meanings is as good now as at any previous time since the making of the first dictionary.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MILLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
YOUGHIOGHENY CEMENT
LIME AND PLASTER,
235 LIBERTY STREET.

MERCHANT TAILOR,
B. TIEGEL
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Fall and Winter Wear,
AT LOW EST PRICES.

SINNOTT'S
WOODEN TANK FACTORY.
I am prepared to furnish Oil, Water and Liquor Tanks of all sizes and shapes, at short notice. Orders by mail promptly filled.
PIERCE SINNOTT,
Nos. 115 and 117 Ross Alley, rear Wood street,
Allegheny City, Pa.

NEXT PRESIDENT,
Portrait of HAYES and WHEELER,
Executed in the finest manner. AGENTS WANTED. Send 25 cents for sample and circular. Size 19x24 and 11x14. Address
STROHRIDGE & CO., Lithographers,
140 Race street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOSEPH MCNAUGHER.....SAMUEL MCNAUGHER.
PAVING.
We are prepared to pave, repave or repair streets, side-walks and yards with stone, brick or flags, furnishing and setting curbstones at lowest prices to justify work.
We will furnish contractors and others with curbstones, cut or rough. Orders promptly attended to. Address
McNAUGHER & CO.,
322 Federal street, Allegheny City.
Office hours 11 to 1 and 4 to 6 P. M.

ABDIEL McCLURE & CO.'S
BROOM FACTORY
AND
Paper Warehouse,
NO. 309 LIBERTY STREET,
Flour Sacks and Grocer's Bags, also, Dealers in Binders, Woodenware, &c., &c.,
309 Liberty St., Head of Smithfield St.

MILLER, FORSE & CO.,
Late Miller & Ricketson,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
OLD MONONGAHELA RYE
WHISKIES,
IMPORTERS OF
Fine Wines, Brandies, Ales, Cigars, &c.
211 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
CHIMNEY SWEEP,
Fine Grate Setting,
ALL KINDS OF
Furnaces and Ranges Repaired and Chimneys Topped.
All orders left at No. 25 Strawberry alley, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, Pittsburgh, or at the Allegheny Postoffice, Box 89, will receive prompt attention.

JAMES LITTELL,
Senior Member of the Firm of
LITTELL & MECHLING,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER
NO. 287 LIBERTY AND 244 PENN
STREETS.

STEVENSON & FOSTER
PRINTERS, STATIONERS AND
Blank Book Manufacturers,
HAVE FOR SALE
Stafford's Carmine Ink,
David's Carmine Ink
AND
Stevens' Writing and Copying Fluid.
WOOD ST. AND THIRD AVE.

SLATE ROOFING.
AIKEN & CO.,
Cor. Liberty and Eleventh Sts.
Opposite Grain Elevator,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Sole agents for the celebrated Chapman Slate.

Enameled
WROUGHT IRON PIPE,
FOR GAS, WATER, SEWERAGE, SOIL PIPE, &c.,
MANUFACTURED BY
National Tube Works Co.,
Guaranteed against the effect of water, air or earth, singly or combined.
JAS. W. BATCHELOR, Agent,
COR. THIRD AVE. AND WOOD STREET.

JOHN M'CULLOUGH
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Old Monongahela and Pure Rye
WHISKIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 127 Liberty St.,
Foot of Fifth avenue, near Hare's Hotel,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

LANG & CO.,
Manufacturers of the celebrated
Union Brooms.
OFFICE,
331 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CHOICE SHELLED CORN—ONE CAR Kansas, to arrive and for sale by R. DICKEY & CO., 77 Water street.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1876.

Real Bargains.

NEW FLANNELS.
Large assortment in Barred Flannels at 25 and 28c, worth 28 and 31c. Barred Flannels at 35 and 37½c. Barred Flannels, extra heavy all wool at 40c. An extra bargain in Plain and Barred Flannels at 12½c.
Great bargains in all-wool Red Flannels at 22c. Best bargains ever offered in Flannels.

NEW PLAIDS.
Extraordinary bargain in Lucknow and Kilmarnock Plaids at 8 and 12½c.
Choice line of Mohair and Debege Plaids at 25, 30, 35 and 37½c.

NEW BROCADES.
Great variety in Brocade Dress Goods. Alpaca Brocades at 28 and 31c. All the latest shades in Pongee and Mohair Brocades at 35, 37½, 40 and 45c. Silk Pongees and Damasse Brocades at 50, 62½ and 75c.

NEW DRESS GOODS.
Just opened, a very choice line Armure Stripes, Pongees, Mohairs, Brilliantines, Diamond Sateens and Debeges at very attractive prices.

ALPACAS, CASHMERES.
All the choicest shades in Mohair Alpacas, 18¾ to 50c. An extra bargain in English Cashmeres at 45c. A very choice assortment in all wool Cashmeres at 56, 62½, 75, 87½c and $1.

OUR SILKS HAVE NOT ADVANCED.
Black Dress Silks 75c to $3.25. All the latest shades and colors in Colored Dress Silks from $1.12½ to $2.50.
Striped Dress Silks from 75c to $1.50.
An extra bargain in Seal Brown Dress Silks at $1 and $1.12½.
Black Alpacas at 15c to $1 per yard.
Extra bargains at 25, 31, 37½ and 40c.
Latest styles Tycoon Repps, &c., at 18¾ and 25c.

BLANKETS, &C.
Colored Blankets from $1.25 to $7.
White Blankets from $2.50 to $12.
White Blankets, extra bargain at $8.
Homemade Comforts $1.50 to $5.
Extra heavy Coverlets at $2.50.
Red Spreads at 70, 75, 85, 87½, $1 and $1.30.
Toilet Quilts at $1; Bates' Quilts at $1.35.
Horse Blankets $1.50 to $8.
Gum Blankets at only $1.

TABLE COVERS.
Piano and Table Covers all colors. Special bargain in Red all-wool Table Covers at only $1.
Mattresses in curled cotton and hair from $3 25 to $10. Pillow only $1. Patent Bed Springs $5.
New Balmoral Skirts only 72½, 75, 87½c and $1.
New Felt Skirts only 60, 65c, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.
Alpaca Skirts, finely finished, only $3.

MUSLINS, PRINTS.
Brown Muslins only 5, 6, 6¼ and 7c. Very heavy Brown Muslin at 8c.
Bleached Muslins 6¼ and 7c; soft finish at 8c.
Fruit of the Loom at only 10c. Other favorite brands at correspondingly low prices.
8-4, 9-4 and 10-4 Sheetings very cheap.
At only 5 and 6¼c, latest patterns, best makes of Prints, Cretonnes, all patterns, 12½c. Chintzes, wide, 10 and 12½c.

TABLINGS, &C.
Tablings 25, 28 and 30c; specialty in Bleached Tablings at 37½c; Loom Tablings at 33, 35, 37½, 44 and 50c; Satin Finish Table Linens 50, 56, 62½ and 75c; new designs in all Linen Table Covers at 44, 50 and 56c.
Ticking at 10, 11 and 12½c; heavy feather Ticking at 20 and 25c.

Just Arrived.

CAPS AND HOODS.
Hand-knit fancy Caps for boys; hand-knit fancy Hoods for girls; hand-knit fancy Coats for girls.
Centennial Frills. Full assortment of Balmoral and all new shades of Yarn. Zephyrs in all new shades.

JEWELRY, &C.
A complete line of Black and Shell Bracelets, 3, 4, 5 and 6 rings, at much under usual prices.
An entire new line of Wings, Bronzed Feathers and Tips in all the new shades.

NEW HATS.
New Hats in all the Fall styles. Trimmed Hats neatly finished with latest colorings at very low prices.
Extra inducements offered in our Millinery Department. New assortment Black Lace Barbs.

HANDKERCHIEFS.
A fine variety of White and Colored Silk Hand

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, ... $200,000

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, September 15, 1876.

Yesterday was not characterized by any special difference between other days of the week. A slightly improving tone is apparent in trade everywhere throughout the city. The actual effect of this improved tone is not particularly perceptible in any increased demand at the banks, so much as in the improved appearance of business men. Still affairs are improving, even in banking circles, and monetary affairs are more active. Discount demands have improved slightly, but the banks have ample supplies of funds, awaiting fully acceptable paper.

PETROLEUM IN SAN FRANCISCO.

The natural resources of California, vast as they are, have as yet had but a very limited development. True it is that wonderful things have been done in the way of agriculture, mining, and in the forests, but their appears to be an abundance of room for even greater results. We hear now of a new source of wealth in the coal-oil deposits recently discovered in the northwest corner of Los Angelos county, and extending into Ventura county. The deposits in this region cover about fifty square miles, most of which has been taken up—principally by Eastern parties—in claims from 20 to 160 acres. Only one company has thus far commenced operations, but this company has a flowing well yielding forty barrels per day. The oils produced by this company are in some stores in San Francisco, and the illuminating qualities are said to be equal, if not superior, to the oils of Pennsylvania. The latter contains 33 per cent. of illuminating properties, while ours contain 60 per cent.; and the California crude oils have a gravity of 40 deg. A noteworthy feature (if this statement is not overdrawn) is that the only flowing well is 165 feet deep, while it will be unnecessary to go any deeper than 500 to 600 feet to "strike oil" in any part of the region. In the present condition of the petroleum market, both at home and abroad, with a increased home consumption, at the same time that the Pennsylvania wells are running low in many places, there is every reason to believe that the San Fransisco petroleum district will ere long be brought into prominence. If the quality is what it is represented, there ought to be a vast domestic outlet within a short time, while the geographical position is such as to favor the establishment of an extensive trade with the West Indias, China and India. The profits of production under the present prices of illuminating oils, particularly on the Pacific Coast, are large, and it would be surprising that active operations have not been reported ere this, but for the fact that the greater portion of the claims are understood to be owned by the Pennsylvania oil men.—*New York Bulletin.*

THE GENERAL BUSINESS SITUATION.

The situation in the great trade centres of the country continues to improve, and the reports from all sections show a very decided improvement in business generally, and commercial exchanges for the week ending on Monday bear testimony to the fact. Beginning with Boston, the *Globe* says: The increase of activity in the leading departments of trade and the more hopeful feeling in commercial circles have become conspicuous. There is, too, a briaker demand for manufactured goods and a measurable revival of manufacturing industries. With trade revived there is naturally an increasing demand for money, but the supply is still so excessive that it has failed to make any appreciable impression upon rates. Passing on to Baltimore, the *Sun* of that city remarks: In all branches of commerce there are indications of a revival of business. The low prices to which nearly all kinds of merchandise have been reduced give confidence in the maintenance of values, though the disposition manifested to carry small stocks restricts the amount of the current transactions. The same reason, however, makes business constant, as stocks will require more frequent replenishing, and dealers in dry goods and all articles of general distribution look for a full and improving demand as the season advances.

INTEREST ON DAILY BALANCES.

The Philadelphia *Press* thus refers to a practice which is gradually being discontinued: "In the present condition of the market the banks could never afford to pay interest on daily balances, and it is fortunate that the practice no longer exists in this city, though we believe it is still followed by a few in New York. The practice was a pernicious and dangerous one and is fast disappearing both in this country and in Europe. The bank of England never allowed interest from day to day, and now we believe none of the London discount banks do it. Even the privilege to those who could not notice only is now generally refused, and rightly."

FORWARDING THE SECURITIES.

United States securities forwarded for redemption should be addressed to the "Loan Division, Secretary's office, Washington," and all registered bonds should be assigned to "the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption." The thirty-fourth call is made at the instance of the syndicate, which advises the Secretary of the Treasury that it is ready to take ten millions of 4½ per cent. bonds in addition to the two calls for ten millions each under date of the 1st and 5th instant.

Robinson Bros., BROKERS, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

6's of 1881	110¼	5-20's 1868-coupons	118¾
U. S. 6's 1881, coup	118¾	10-40's	115¾
" 1865	113	Currency 6's	126½
" 1863	117¾	Quicksilver	13½
5-20's 1867	116¾	10-40's coupons	115¾

RAILWAYS.

N. Y. Central	105¾	Ohio & Mississippi	11¾
Erie	10¾	Union Pacific	64
L. S. & M. S.	86	Toledo & Wabash	39½
C., C., I. & C.	3¾	Harlem	137
St. Paul	33¾	Adams Express	103
Do. Pref	67¾	American Express	59¾
Michigan Southern	84	U. S. Express	61
Do. Central	41¾	W. Fargo & Co. Ex	83
Northwestern com	37½	Quicksilver	62¾
Do. Pref	62¾	Fort Wayne	101
Rock Island	106¾	Hannibal & St. Jo.	12¼
Chi. & Pitts.	79½	Pacific Mail	22½
Pacific Mail	22½	Iron Mountain	16
Western Union Tel.	71¾		

Robinson Bros. furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board.

P. R. R. (B)	48¾	Cen. Trans (A)	41
Reading (B)	14	Empire Co. (A)	39
U. Co. of N. J. (B)	138¼	A. V. R. R. 7.30 (A)	102
Oil Creek (B)	10	C. & R. St. L. 7's (B)	81¾
Lehigh Valley (A)	52	N. Pacific bonds (B)	14
A. V. Incomes (B)	45		

NEW YORK, September 14, 1876.

Money closed easy at 1@1½. Sterling exchange was quiet at 484½@485. Prime mercantile paper 4@6. The customs receipts were $300,000. The clearings were $25,000,000. Gold opened at 110 and advanced to 110¼, the two extremes of the day, closing at the higher figure. The rates paid for borrowing were 3 per cent. to flat. Governments were dull and steady. Railroad bonds were strong this afternoon. Chicago & Northwest consolidated gold coupons advanced to 95, St. Paul (La Crosse Division) to 102½, Rock Island 78 to 79, and Burlington and Quincy 78 to 79½. The balance of the list showed no change except for New Jersey Central convertibles, which declined to 70, and Ohio and Mississippi consols to 90. State bonds were quiet and prices nominal. The stock market was strong in tone to-day, and with the exception of New Jersey Central, higher. Rises were early recorded, the improvement ranging from ¼ to 6 per cent. As the day advanced the market became firm, followed by a reaction, but late in the day there was much activity, and the dealings were attended with considerable excitement and buoyancy. Some attempted to cover, and the market ran away from them, prices advancing from ¼ to 6 per cent. from the lowest point of the morning. The greatest advance was in coal stocks, it being reported that negotiations were in progress for another coal combination to put prices somewhat higher than at present, not up to a point that would prove serious to consumers. The improvement this afternoon was quite general, and extended throughout the active list. The greatest rise was in Delaware & Hudson canal, which advanced from 65¾ to 72, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western from 74 to 79, and Morris & Essex from 84 to 91. There was an active borrowing demand for coal shares, and bears had to pay from ¼ to ½ per cent. per diem for the use of them. Western shares were active and decidedly better. Lake Shore advanced from 52½ to 54½, Michigan Central from 40½ to 42½, St. Paul from 32½ to 33½, preferred from 67 to 67½, Rock Island from 105½ to 106½, Northwest common from 37¾ to 37¾, preferred from 62¼ to 62½, and Ohios from 11¼ to 11½. The markets closed active and strong. The transactions aggregated 208,000 shares, of which 64,300 were Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 59,100 Lake Shore, 34,800 New Jersey Central, 16,400 Western Union, 8,600 Delaware & Hudson, 8,400 Michigan Central, 6,700 St. Pauls, 3,600 Erie, 3,500 Rock Island, 2,100 Ohios, 2,100 Northwests, 2,000 Erie, 1,200 Wabash, and 800 Union Pacific.

Governments.—United States Coupons 1881, 118¾; 5-20s '65, 113; do. new, 113¾; do. '67, 116½; do. '68, 118¾; new 5s, 115½; 10-40s, 115½; do. coupons, 115¾; currency 6s, 124¾.

State Bonds.—Tennessees old, 47½; do. new, 47¼; Virginia new, 25; do. old, 25; Missouri 6s, 107½.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph Company, 71½; Quicksilver, 13; do. preferred, 17; Pacific Mail, 22½; Mariposa, 14; do. preferred, 44; Adams Express, 108; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 83; American Express, 59½; United States Express, 62; New York Central, 105¾; Erie, 10½; do. preferred, 15; Harlem, 137; do. preferred, 133; Michigan Central, 41½; Panama, 27; Union Pacific, 64; Lake Shore, 54; Illinois Central, 85½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 90¼; Northwestern common, 37½; do. preferred, 62¾; C. C. C. & I., 36¼; New Jersey Central, 26; Rock Island, 105½; St. Paul, 33¾; do. preferred, 67½; Toledo & Wabash, 2½; do. preferred, 2; Fort Wayne, 101; Terre Haute, 102; do. preferred, 113; Chicago & Alton, 97½; do. preferred, 105; Ohio & Mississippi, 11½; Delaware & Lackawanna, 78½; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Co., 15; Missouri Pacific, 2; Atlantic & Pacific preferred, 14; Indiana Central, 3¾; Burlington & Quincy, 121; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 110½; Central Pacific, 6¾; Union, Pacific 104¾; land grant, 106½; Sinking Fund, 91.

LONDON, September 14.—The amount of bullion in the Bank of England increased £677,000 in the past week. The proportion of bank reserve to liability is 52¾ per cent. The amount of bullion gone into the Bank on balance to-day was £115,000. Consols: 95 11-16; 5-20s '65, 105¾; do. '67, 109¼; new 5s, 108; 10-40s, 107¾; New York Central, 103; Erie, 9¼; do. preferred, 21.

PARIS, September 14.—The specie in the Bank of France increased 1,186,000 francs in the past week. Rentes 106f 40c.

FRANKFORT, September 14.—U. S. new 5s, 103f.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, September 14, 1876.

While business is not picking up so fast as some of the more impatient seem to desire, it is improving nevertheless, and the general outlook is more encouraging than it has been for some time. There is an increasing demand for all seasonable goods, and there is some well grounded hope that as the season advances there will be further improvement. It is worthy of notice that several of the leading articles of merchandise have stiffened up in value of late, and it begins to look as if hard pan had really been reached.

APPLES—We continue to quote in a jobbing way at $1@1.50 ₩ bbl for fair to choice.

ALE—There is a firm tone to ale in prices and trade is generally reported dull, like everything else, affected by the hard times. X $5 ₩ bbl to the city and $6 to country; XX $10; India $11. half bbls in proportion.

BUTTER—There is a continued steady demand for choice table Butter, but common and medium grades continue dull. Prime to choice solid packed in firkins and tubs, at 20@22c; do. roll, 22@23c; creamery, 28@30c.

BEANS—The supply of old, although not large, is considerably in excess of present wants, which are exceedingly small; prices nominal at 90c@$1 ₩ bushel.

BROOM CORN—Sales of Hari Corn in small lots, upon arrival, at prices ranging from 7@8½c, as to quality. Short or medium brush in fair stock and demand light; sales in a small way at 3¼@4c, as to quality and quantity. Inside and inferior Corn very dull. Some lots offered at 4¼—find no sale. Crooked in light demand at 2@3½c.

CORDAGE AND ROPE—There is no improvement to report in the demand for this class of goods, and no change in prices, which we annex as follows:

MANILLA ROPE.

½ inch diameter and upwards	14½ cts. per lb
⅜ "	15½ "
4 and 5-16 in. diameter	15¾ "
Tarred rope and lath yarn	14 "
Hay, stave and leather lines	16½ "

OIL WELL DRILLING CABLES.

Hawser laid	14½ cts. per lb
" " Bolt Rope Yarns	— "
Sand Pump Rope	14¾ "

SISAL ROPE.

½ inch diameter and upward	10½ cts. per lb
⅜ "	10¾ "
¼ and 5-16 in. diameter	11¼ "

JUTE ROPE.

Jute	8¾ "

PACKING.

American	14@15	Selma Twine	45
Soap Stone	13@20	Cot	30
Cash Yarn	20	Jute No 1 and 2 Ply	18@20
Marlin	20	Spun Yarn	16
		Cot Rope—all sizes	40

CLOTHES LINES.

Jute, 72, 80, 108 feet	$1 75	$2 00	$2 25
Sisal, 90, 108 feet	2 25	2 50
Cot	3 00

MANILLA.

Best	5	25
U. S. Navy	4	75
Navy	4	50
Bunking Cotton	18	
Best White Cot. Waste	12	
No. 2	10	

CHEESE—There is an active trade, and the market is firm and advancing; 10@11c for prime Ohio factory (August make) to the wholesale trade, and 11¾@12c in a retail way.

CANNED GOODS—Tomatoes, owing to a very light crop in the east, are very firm and somewhat excited, and within the past week or two prices have advanced considerably; one New York firm is reported as having purchased 100,000 cases in Baltimore recently. Peaches are also in light supply in the cities this year and have been a very light crop and prices are tending upward. Corn is in fair demand but without important change.

DRIED FRUIT—There is no demand whatever for domestic and the inquiry for foreign is also light; we omit quotations.

HIDES—Market is nearly firmer, with a light supply, and fresh receipts may be quoted at 20c in barrels and 21c in cases.

FLOUR—The market is decidedly firmer in sympathy with Wheat, not only here but elsewhere; our Philadelphia friends, from New York and Chicago, report these markets firmer, and without there is a reaction soon there will be an advance made here. We continue former quotations.

New red winter wheat flours	$5 75@6 00	₩ bbl.
Amber winter flours	6 00@6 50	"
Amber wheat flours	6 50@7 00	"
Old spring wheat flours	6 75@6 25	"
Patent processes and fancy white wheat	7 50@8 50	"
Rye flour	4 75@5 00	"

GROCERIES—There is a very fair trade in grocery circles, and notwithstanding orders are mostly small there is a very fair trade in the aggregate. The general position of the Coffee market has not varied much recently; common and medium grades of Rio are in good supply and easy, while choice Coffees are more scarce and hold very firmly at full prices. As noted in our last, the stock in first hands is comparatively light. The Sugar market has not varied much recently. For Syrups and Molasses there is not much inquiry. There is very little call for Currants, Prunes or Raisins. Teas in fair demand and rather firmer.

RICE.

Carolina	6¾@7¾	Louisiana	6¼@6¾

SUGARS.

Cut Loaf	12¾@13	Standard B	11¾@11¾
Crushed	12¾	Standard Ex C	11 @11¼
Granulated	12¾	Ref. Yellow	10 @10¾
Powdered	12¾	N. O. new crop	9¾@10¾
Standard A	11¾@11¾		

SYRUPS.

Choice	55 @70	Fair	35 @40
Prime	60 @65	Dark	25 @30

MOLASSES.

N. O. Choice	55	N. O. strictly prime	52
Fair	50	Demara	50@55

TEAS.

Young Hyson	35@0 85	Japan	40@55
Gunpowder	35@0 90	Oolong	35@55
Imperial	40@ 75	Souchong	35@75

COFFEES.

Fancy Rio	23	A Rio (Bpkgs)	20
Prime Rio	21¾@22	B Rio (loose)	20¾
Good Rio	20 @21	Roasted Java	30
Old Gov Java	32		

GRAPES—Quoted at 8@c per lb.

GRAIN—There is no change to note in prices of Wheat, here; Penna. and Ohio red, $1,12@1,18; do amber, $1,16@1,18; Kentucky white, $1,22@1,28. The Chicago market continues strong, and the advances recently, we apprehend, has exceeded the expectations of the most sanguine bull; it is probable there will be a reaction before long, but it is not likely that prices will go down as low as they were prior to the upward movement. The Oat market continues firm, with a supply unequal to the demand, and prices are still tending upward; mixed, on track, 34@35c; white, 36@37—some dealers have their ideas considerably above our quotations. The inquiry for Corn continues light, but with a very limited supply prices are firmer; Ear, 50@53 on track. Shelled, 62@65, as to quality. Rye is firmer, and may be quoted steady at 63@65c.

HAY—Firmer, owing to light receipts from the adjoining country, caused by bad roads; quotable at $16@17, from country wagons.

MILL FEED—Bran scarce and higher, $17@18,24 ₩ ton, on track. Middlings quoted at $19@21, and Shorts at $14@16.

ONIONS—There has been an increased inquiry, but the supply continues equal to the demand, and prices remain unchanged; $1,50@1 ₩ bbl, as to quality.

OILS—Lard oil higher, and winter make wanted. We quote winter extra, 95; current make, 85; No. 1, 78; No. 2, 65@65. Miners' oil higher at all points, and Pho. Y. Lewis & Co.'s brands of White and Yellow Winter will likely command more than the figures we give to-day, but as our market is yet unchanged we continue to quote White, 60; Yellow, 57. The market points 99. New York having advanced 3c ₩ gallon for winter Yellow. Carbon firm at 32@32c. Linseed raw, 55; boiled, 58.

POULTRY—Live chickens by the coop 35@37c ₩ pair, according to size.

POTATOES—Irish continue scarce, with considerable inquiry; Peach Blows quoted at 70@75c ₩ bu. Sweets firmer and higher; quotable at $3,25@3,75 ₩ bbl for Baltimores, and $1,50 ₩ bbl for Jerseys.

PEARS—In light supply and prices are higher; $2@2,50 per box, as to quality and condition.

PROVISIONS—The demand for the hog products generally keeps up well, and while there has been no recent change in prices, the tendency at present, under the influence of the advices from Chicago, is toward lower rates.

Hams—Ex S C ₩ lb	15¾	Mess Pork ₩ bbl	$19,00
Do. Canvassed	15¾	Short Cut do	19.00
Shoulders Ex S. C	—	Lard, prime leaf, tcs	12
Do. Canvassed	10	Lard, Ref for summer use—in trs	12¾
B'fast Bacon S. C	—	Do. ——¼ bbls	13
Do. Canvassed	14¾	Do. ——½ bbls	13½
Dried beef Ex S. C	—	Do. ——bkts	13½
Do. Canvassed	16	Do. 3 lb caddies	14¾
Beef Tongues S. C. per doz	@65	Do. 5 lb do	14¾
Bacon Shoulders	8¾	Do. 8 lb pails	14¾
Short Rib Sides	11	Do. 5 lb do	14¾
Clear Sides	11½	Do. 6 lb do	14¾
		Ham Sausage	—

BAGS—Steady at 2¼@ ₩ lb for good country mixed.

SEEDS—Timothy seed unchanged at $2@2,25 ₩ bu. Nothing doing in Flax or Clover seeds.

TALLOW—There is a moderate demand, without any material change in prices; country, 7¾; city, 8¾@8¾c per lb.

WRAPPING PAPER AND SACKS—Crown Straw and Rag, 85c ₩ bundle; medium, 55c; Double Straw and Rag, 85c ₩ bundle; medium, $1,05; Tissue Manilla $2@2,25 ₩ ream; Dry Goods, 75c@$1,50; No 1 Manilla, 10@11c ₩ lb; No. 2 do, 8@9c; Hard ware do, 8@9c; Tea do, 8@10c; Flour sacks (¼ bbl) $12@40 ₩ M; (½ bbl) $20@22; Grocers Bags (1 lb) $1,80 ₩ 1,000; Do. (¼ bbl) $20@22; Grocers Bags (1 lb) $1,80 ₩ 1,000; Do. (¼ bbl) $20@22; Grocers Bags (2 lbs) $2,75 ₩ 1,000; Do. (½ bbl) $25@27; Grocers Bags (5 lbs), do, $3,70; 10 lbs, do, $4,75; 14 lbs do. $5,40; 20 lbs do, $10,50.

WHITE LEAD; ETC.—Is reported quiet and prices unchanged. Following are the quotations for the wholesale trade:

White lead, pure in lots of 2,000 lbs in oil		10	
Do. pure in lots of 500 lbs in oil		10½	
Do. fancy brands		10	
White lead dry (strictly pure) in kegs		10	
Orange Mineral		12	@13
Pure red lead		9	@10
Patriarch red lead		9	@10
Litharge		9½	@10
Selected zinc, ground in oil		13	
Vielille Montagne Co.'s French zinc		15	@16
Zinc paint, ground in oil		8	@11
Putty		3	@4
Spirits turpentine, ₩ gall, in bbl. lots		40	@42

WOODEN WARE—The demand is usually light at this season of the year, but is fully up to the expectations of manufacturers and dealers. No change in prices. We quote "Corry Ware" as follows:

No. 1 Tubs ₩ dozen	$9 00
No. 2 do	8 00
No. 3 do	7 00
2 Hoop Pails ₩ doz	1 85
3 Hoop Pails ₩ doz	2 10
Globe Washboards ₩ doz (patented)	2 75
Clinton do do	2 25
Clothes Pins—₩ box	90c@1 25

WINDOW GLASS—The price of double strength glass been reduced, the reduction being made to enable our manufacturers to compete with French plate. Prices quoted at 60 and 10 per cent. on western list for 300 boxes and 40 for a less quantity.

PER BOX OF FIFTY FEET—SINGLE STRENGTH.

2d Quality.	1st Quality.	Dbl. st'th.
$ ₩ 7 by 9 to 7 by 10	$2 75	$ 4 25	$ 6 50
7 by 10 to 8 by 10	2 75	4 25	6 50
8 by 11 to 10 by 12	4 00	4 50	7 00
8 by 11 to 12 by 15	4 25	4 75	7 50
8 by 16 to 12 by 17	4 75	5 25	8 25
12 by 18 to 14 by 20		6 00	9 00
14 by 20 to 15 by 22		6 00	9 00
15 by 24 to 20 by 30		6 50	10 00
18 by 26 to 24 by 30		7 00	10 00
18 by 36 to 24 by 40		7 00	11 50
25 by 36 to 24 by 44		8 00	12 50
26 by 46 to 30 by 50		9 00	14 00
30 by 52 to 30 by 54			14 00
30 by 56 to 34 by 56			16 00
34 by 58 to 34 by 60			17 50
36 by 60 to 40 by 60			20 00

All sizes over 81 inches in length, and not making 81 united inches, will be charged in 84 united inches bracket.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, September 14, 1876.

ARRIVALS.

Following shows the arrivals of each day during the past week, as well as the aggregate, and the aggregate of the preceding week:

Cattle. Through.	Local.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Friday	117 cars.	2 cars.	9 cars.	5 cars.
Saturday	29 "	2 "	12 "	8 "
Sunday	46 "	35 "	16 "	6 "
Monday	15 "	26 "	9 "	12 "
Tuesday	18 "	121 "	15 "	30 "
Wednesday	1 "	24 "	25 "	25 "
Thursday	19 "	17 "	14 "	4 "
Total	244 "	230 "	126 "	88 "
Last week	278 "	149 "	127 "	86 "

CATTLE.

The supply during the past week was the largest we have had for some time, 230 cars, but with an increased demand trade was fairly active; there were but few shipped on in first, hands, but prices for all grades of butcher cattle were lower. Prime shipping cattle declined from 10@15 cts. per cwt., and medium grades 20@25 cts.; but at the reduction nearly every thing found buyers, and the market, in view of the largely increased offerings, was even better than could reasonably be expected. Good stockers and feeding cattle brought fully as much as they did last week, as the supply was not in excess of the demand, and, morever, they are not like butcher cattle, affected by the ups and downs of the New York and Philadelphia markets.

Philadelphia buyers bought more than usual, 95 cars; New York less, 20 cars; country dealers took 61 cars, and local dealers and butchers 20 cars, making in all 201 cars. Trade was better in Philadelphia last week, nearly all the cattle bought here for that market are reported as having done well for their owners, hence the Philadelphia buyers bought more liberally this week in consequence.

There were some really prime shipping on sale, but the number of this character was comparatively small, and the most of the offerings consisted of the common and medium grades. The highest reported was $6,40, which was paid by Simon O'Donnell to E. P. Dickey, for 46 extra Kentucky cattle, averaging 1,500, of very fine quality. These were purchased for Sherman, Culver & Co., of New York, who are engaged in exporting beef to Europe. It is said that the beef of from 1,000 to 1,200 cattle per week is now being exported, and Mr. O'Donnell informs us that he will be here regularly every week hereafter to buy cattle for the export trade.

QUOTATIONS.

Prime 1,400@1,500 lbs steers	5,00@5,25
Good 1,200@1,300 steers	4,80@4,75
Fair 1,000@1,100 steers	4,25@4,50
Common 700@900 do	3,50@4,00
Bulls, Cows and Stags	2,50@3,25

SHEEP.

The run, as will be seen, did not vary much in point of numbers as compared with the preceding week, but there was considerable difference in point of quality. The most of the offerings consisted of the common and medium grades, and while prices for all kinds ruled lower, the depreciation was greatest on the poorer, as the great proportion of the supply was of that character, while of good fat stock the supply was but little in excess of the demand. Salesmen reported the decline as 12½ cts. per cwt. on best, and ¼ to ½ on common and medium grades. The demand for Stock Ewes continues on the decline, and there are not as many coming forward now as there were a few weeks ago; quotable at $1,75@2,75 per head, according to quality and condition. The market for Lambs was quiet with but few offered, and but few wanted; it is worthy of notice that very few good ones are ever put on this market.

QUOTATIONS.

Extra 95@100 lbs	5,00@5,12
Good 85@90 lbs	4,40@4,60
Good 75@80 lbs	4,00@4,25
Fair 70@80 lbs	3,25@3,75
Indianas, according to quality	3,50@4,00
Lambs, 40@60 lbs	4,00@5,00

HOGS.

The market has been moderately active this week, and as compared with this day week prices have been advanced ¼@½c ₩ lb; various reasons can be assigned for the advance, but chief among them was the cooler weather, which always stimulates the demand; then the run was comparatively light so that there was no chance for the supply to accumulate, and then prices this day week were down lower than the general position then warranted. The market to-day was possibly a little firmer as compared with yesterday, especially for prime corn fed hogs, but taking "quality into" consideration, there was no improvement in prices.

QUOTATIONS.

Philadelphia Hogs	5,50@5,62
Baltimore, Yorkers, and it	5,75@5,87
Yorkers—rough, heavy	5,00@5,25
Grassers	5,50@5,62
Roughs	4,50@5,25

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, September 14, 1876.

The general position of the market has not varied much for several days; business continues rather tame, but prices are pretty well maintained, and a decline is not looked for unless some new wells are reported. Crude closed a shade lower. United certificates, $1,00@1,01¼ and immediate shipment, $1. Refined easier for immediate delivery, but firmer for futures. September, Philadelphia and Baltimore delivery, 28 29½d; October, 29½. Price to house trade unchanged at 75.

Oil Barrels unchanged; countries, $1,80; city make, $1,45@1,50, as to size.

SHIPMENTS OF REFINED OIL EAST VIA A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Standard Oil Co	Warden, J. & Co	Phila.	694
J. W. Moore & Son	Warden J. & Co	Phila.	694
Warden & O	G. F. Owen	Freeman	89
Total			1,247

Grain in Store in Chicago.

The following were the amounts of grain in store on the dates named, as reported by the State Registrar of Grain:

	Sept. 11,	Sept. 12,
Wheat	1,101,285	826,966
Corn	1,878,171	1,934,308
Oats	278,579	185,706
Rye	96,066	78,628
Barley	371,963	341,600
Total all kinds	3,130,543	1,814,467

The warehousemen report the amount of Milwaukee Winter Wheat at 1,261 bu; Red, 1,400 bu; Spring, 49,084 bu; barley, and a decrease of 569,421 bu corn, 11,782 bu. rye.—*Chicago Inter Ocean.*

Grain in Store in Peoria.

The following table exhibits the stock of grain in Peoria on the dates named, as reported by the Secretary of the Board of Trade:

	Sept. 9, 1876.	Sept. 2, 1876.	Sept. 11, 1875.
Wheat, bu	10,450	9,307	1,500
Corn, bu	196,932	98,708	344,485
Oats, bu	150,814	84,814	82,310
Rye, bu	72,886	67,940	933
Barley, bu	1,588	481	1,046

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, September 14, 1876.

FLOUR—Quiet and steady.

GRAIN—Wheat unsettled, but generally higher; No. 2 Chicago spring $1,04¾@1,05 cash; $1,03¾ October; $1,03¾@1,04 November; No. 3 95c@$1,02, the latter new; rejected 75@80½c, the latter new. Corn active, firm and higher; No. 2 45¾@46c cash; 45¾@46c September; 46¼@46½c November; rejected 44c. Oats unsettled, but generally higher; No. 2 34½c cash; 33 5-8c October; 33½c November; rejected 29c. Rye quiet at 56@56c. Barley quiet and firm; 78c cash; 77½c October.

PROVISIONS—Pork unsettled and lower; $16,60@16,65 cash; $14,92½@14,95 the year. Lard dull; $10,05 cash; $10,59 the year. Bulk meats steady; shoulders 6¾c.

WHISKY—Dull and nominal at $1,08.

On Call Board Wheat was ½c higher and unsettled. Corn unchanged. Oats ½c lower. Pork firm and unchanged. Lard 5c lower.

New York.

NEW YORK, September 14.—Flour steady; receipts 12,000 bbls.; superfine western and State $4a4,55; common to good $4,85a5,90; good to choice $5a8,50; extra Ohio $8,75a10; trade dull. Rye steady; $4,75a5,20. Corn meal steady; $2,60a2,90. Wheat unsettled; receipts 51,000 bushels; ungraded spring $1,05a1,08; No. 2 Milwaukee new $1,18a1,20; No. 2 Chicago old $1,19a1,12. Rye steady. Stale 88a90c. Barley dull; 95ca$1,02. Malt quiet. Corn a shade firmer; receipts 155,000 bush.; western mixed damaged 50c; do warm 55c; mixed 55a56. Oats steady; receipts 25,000 bush; western and State 35a38c. Hay and hops firm. Barley quiet. Coffee steady; Rio in cargoes 15¼a18 1-2c. Sugar dull, fair to good refining 8¾a8 1-2c; prime 9¼c. Molasses dull and heavy; 50c. Rice quiet. Petroleum firm; crude 14 1-2c; refined 26c; cases 30a31c; naphtha 14c. Rosin firm. Turpentine firmer at 32a32½c. Pork western $14,25c. Pork closing easier at $17,40a17,60. Beef unchanged. Middles firmer; city long clear 9¼a9¾c. Lard dull; prime steam $10,87a11. Butter firm; western 16a30c. Cheese quiet and steady; 6a12c. Whisky quiet and firm at $1,11.

LONDON, September 14.—Refined petroleum 19¾d.

ANTWERP, September 14.—Refined petroleum 52f.

LIVERPOOL, September 14. — Cotton steady at 6d 1-16d; sales of 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000 bales; American 4,000. California white wheat average 9s 6d@9s 10d; Club 9s 9d@10s 1d; red western spring, No. 2 to No. 1, 8s6@9s 4d; winter 9s 2d@9s 4d. Flour 22¾@23s. Corn 25s@25¼s. Peas 36¼s. Cheese 54s. Cloverseed 50s@55s. Refined petroleum 10d; crude 11a12d.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, September 14.—Petroleum: refined 25¾a26¼c; crude 19c. Cloverseed $10. Flour: superfine $4; extra $4,25a4,75; Minnesota family $6,25a6,75. Wheat dull; red western $1,06; amber $1,20; white $1,20a1,25. Rye 65c. Corn steady; yellow 58c; mixed 55a57c. Oats dull; new 30a44c; old 50c. Whisky: western $1,12. Butter quiet; New York and Bradford Co. extra 31a33c; first 28a30c; western extra 25a27c; firsts 20a22c. Eggs steady; 17a18c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, September 14.—Flour quiet; family $5,10a5,40. Corn dull at 41c. Wheat higher; red $1,02a1,12. Corn steady at 46c. Oats dull at 33a42c. Rye dull; 70c asked. Barley firm at 95ca$1. Pork firm at $17,00a17,25. Lard dull; steam 10¾c; kettle 12a12½c. Bulk meats quiet at 7, 8¾a9¼c. Bacon dull; 7¾, 8, 9¾, 10¼a 10¾c. Whisky steady at $1,08. Butter dull and unchanged.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, September 14.—Flour and Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn quiet at 56c. Oats dull; 30a35c. Rye quiet; 58a60c. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Butter: western 21a26c. Petroleum firmer; refined 26c; crude 13c. Whisky steady at $1,11.

Boston.

BOSTON, September 14.—Flour quiet and firm; superfine western $4,25a4,75; Wisconsin and Minnesota $4,75a875; Illinois $5,50a7,25; St. Louis $6a6,37½; fancy Minnesota $6,50a8,50. Corn steady; mixed and yellow 58a61c. Oats: No. 2 white and mixed 44a46c; rejected 39a41c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, September 14.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat easier; No. 3 white Wabash $1,18; No. 1 white Michigan $1,19; amber Michigan $1,19½; No. 3 red $1,10. Corn firm; high mixed 49½c; low mixed 48¾c; no grade 47½c; damaged 47½c. Oats steady; No. 2 35c; white 40c; rejected 31c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, September 14.—Cotton: dull and unchanged. Flour steady; extra $3,50a3,75; family $4,20a4,50. Wheat dull; red $1a1,06; white $1a1,12. Oats dull; 42a43c. Rye firmer; 65c. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Whisky dull and nominal; $1,07.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, September 14.—Flour quiet. Wheat: No. 1 Milwaukee $1,19; No. 2 $1,09;

OME NEWS.

Subscribers who do not receive the GAZETTE by 7 A. M., are requested to notify the office, and the tardiness will be corrected at once.

The probabilities for to-day are cooler north and west winds, stationary or higher pressure, partly cloudy or clear weather.

Popular Science Monthly.

This treasury of scientific research and discussion, for the month of October, is now ready, and the contents, which will be found on our first page, indicate a feast of reason. The Messrs. Appleton & Co., of New York, who are the publishers, spare no pains or expense in securing the highest order of literary and scientific matter, which renders it a first-class journal.

Attempt at Stabbing.

A man named Robert Scott drew a knife on Capt. Gallisath, and threatened to annihilate him. The Captain not appreciating the humor of the proceeding, drew a chair on Robert and compelled him to draw his knife. In addition the Captain wantonly and cruelly called in the police, and had Robert conveyed to the Central Station and locked up.

Appleton's Journal.

The general reader will enjoy a rich treat in the perusal of the October number of "Appleton's Journal." The pens of some of the oldest writers of the country contribute to make this number one of special interest and popularity. No one can read it without being pleased, entertained and edified. The subject matter is so varied that every class of readers will find something for their benefit. The price of so much excellence is merely nominal, being only twenty-five cents per number.

Exposition Programme.

Following is the list of selections to be rendered this evening at the Exposition by the Great Western band:

1. March—The Silver Trumpets.....By Vivani
2. Overture—Poet and Peasant.....By Suppe
3. Waltz—Vienna Blood.....By Strauss
4. Grand National Medley—Potpourri...By Hinecke
5. Concert Polka for Eb Cornet.....B. Weis
6. Liederkranz Potpourri.....By Neithe
7. Waltz—Golden Star.....By Adams
8. Introduction and Cavatine Opera Bertini.....By Donizetta
9. Polka—Trumpet Notes.....By Smith
10. Galop—Evening Mail.....By Band

Allegheny Wharf Committee.

The Allegheny Wharf Committee met last evening, with Mr. Herron in the chair.

The monthly pay roll, amounting to $118.79, was approved.

Wharfmaster Jacobs reported receipts for the month, $225.00; expenditures, $118.79. Approved.

Mr. Jacobs reported that some repairs to the wharf were absolutely necessary. Bids for the repairs were received, but City Clerk Morrow having informed the committee that the appropriation of $750.00 was exhausted, it was decided to defer the repairs until another appropriation is made.

The ordinance consolidating the Monongahela and Allegheny Wharf committees was amended so that the consolidated committee will report to Select Council, and the meeting adjourned.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Despoiled of Eight Hundred Dollars.

Mr. Robert Workman, of Springfield township, Fayette county, was knocked down a few days ago by an unknown man and robbed of $800. The outrage occurred near Mr. Workman' own house. His assailant was lying in wait for him, whom he no doubt knew of being in funds, and while taking a stroll for a short distance from his own door he was violently assaulted and robbed before he had time to comprehend his condition, for being made aware of the approach of any one, save by the crashing of the brush and undergrowth. One blow from the villain leveled him to the ground, and the fellow's object was too easily accomplished. The robber held a pistol to his head and swore that if he said a word he would blow his brains out. It is rather singular that Mr. Workman should carry such a large sum of money about his person.

BASE BALL NOTES.

Items of Interest in Regard to Local Clubs.

At the Castle Shannon barbecue on Wednesday the Anchor and Wallace base ball clubs contested for a prize offered by the managers of the barbecue. This was a handsomely mounted bat and a superb ball. The game was a close one, and resulted in favor of the Wallace boys.

The Alleghenys, and Browns, of Erie, played at Erie, yesterday, resulting as follows:

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Alleghenys.....	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1—3
Erie.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1—2

Earned runs—Erie 1; Alleghenys 1.

A deputation of the Mercer base ball club, of Brownstown, called at the GAZETTE office yesterday afternoon, to complain of the Liddell club. The Mercers claim that the Liddells challenged them to play in Union Park, Allegheny, yesterday. Both clubs were present, but at 4 o'clock the Liddells refused to play, alleging, as an excuse, that the grounds were not in a fit condition. The gate-keeper told them it would not hurt the grounds, but the Liddells still refused to play. The Mercers were much provoked, owing to their loss of time, and assert their belief that the Liddells are afraid to play them.

ALLEGHENY V[illegible] CLUB.

General Pearson's Correspondence—Commission.

A meeting of the V[illegible] gheny was held last night [illegible] Young Men's Republican [illegible] street, Capt. Tyson in the [illegible] mittee on Uniform report [illegible] adoption of a white silk [illegible] in blue letters the words, [illegible] Allegheny." This recommendation was adopted. The uniform will consist of coats and pants, white vest and Wheeler hat of semi-military style, which the corps badge of the club will be worn. The Committee reported that an interview had been held with General A. L. Pearson, relative to transportation to Indianapolis, and the latter had said that the home and return tickets sent to this locality by the Executive Committee on Transportation, none should go the Veteran club of Allegheny. He furthermore said that the organization over which he presides does not belong to the Veteran club, and that he considered it a piece of impertinence for a representative of the latter to address a letter to General Dudley, at New York, concerning the question of transportation. These remarks of the General were directed to Mr. W. W. Barker, chairman of the Veteran Club's Committee on Transportation, with whom he has conversed, and when they were reported the feeling they created was not very pleasant.

A committee of five consisting of Messrs. Tyson, Pollock, Barnes, Barker and Kropp was appointed to receive the Veteran club of Philadelphia on their next visit here. These two bodies will proceed to Indianapolis together, and will number over five hundred men.

An elegant silk banner was presented to the club by Capt. Short.

REGIMENTAL RE-UNION.

The Seventy-Fourth Regiment's Gathering at Turner Hall.

The re-union of the Seventy-fourth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry at Turner's Hall, on Sixth avenue, last evening, was a success in every particular, and an event to be remembered by the participants.

The turnout was fully as good as has occured in years, and one that indicated that the feelings of fraternity engendered by the years of peril during which the members, side by side, risked life and limb for the maintenance of the altars of the land of their adoption had not experienced any diminution.

Among the crowd was a goodly sprinkling of the fair sex, who had turned out to do honor to the valorous deeds of husbands, fathers and relatives. To the merry strains of the Germania Brass and String Band of Allegheny, they worshiped at the shrine of Terpsichore, and whirled in the dizzy waltz and the voluptuous dance, leading to the more solemn remembrances of the comrades, the pleasures that bid dull care adieu and make the fleeting hours but moments of pleasure.

After the most excellent supper, that was gotten up under the auspices of Mrs. Wilhelm, was disposed of, the satiated mortals repaired to the dancing hall, when Captain Meckelburg addressed the audience in an eloquent and concise manner, reviewing the services and actions of the regiment from the time of its organization, on September 14th, 1861, until its disbandonment in 1865. The glorious deeds enacted upon the battle-fields of Bull Run, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, the Wilderness, and other fields of minor note, were feelingly recalled and elicited from the comrades hearty ejaculations of applause.

Following Captain Meckelburg, Major Schleiser made a most excellent speech, which was attentively listened to and enthusiastically applauded. The Major's remarks will be published in full in that excellent Republican champion, the *Freiheits Freund*. The readers of the GAZETTE are only deprived of it by reason of the reporter's inability to translate with facility the German into the English language. For, be it remembered, all the exercises were in the German language.

The exercises were continued until a late hour this morning, when the participants dispersed, well satisfied with the re-union in every particular.

Notice.—For some time past many of our customers have been disappointed in not getting what French bread they wanted at our retail department, No. 18 Fifth avenue. We have increased our facilities and will endeavor hereafter to have a full supply for all.

S. S. MARVIN & Co.

The Eagle Shoe Store,
85 Smithfield street,
Beats them all in prices.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

Officer Bennett, who was beaten on Fifth avenue, Saturday night, is recovering.

Both Smythe's and Cook, Son & Jenkins' Centennial excursions got off yesterday with heavy trains.

Our For Sale column offers a first class investment in the purchase of a grain and chopping mill, with excellent facilities for the business.

The cellar of Mr. Joseph Lewis, of Mt. Washington, was invaded by a hungry tramp, Wednesday night, and everything that was eatable was carried away.

An inquest was held on the body of William Gibson, the man killed on the Castle Shannon Railway, Wednesday. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

The *Temperance Agitator*, T. P. Druit editor, is now being published as a penny daily. It claims to be the only prohibition and temperance paper in the United States.

A jury was summoned to hold an inquest on the body of Wm. Gardner, the brakeman killed in the Try street Tunnel. The investigation will be concluded this morning.

The contractors of the new church opposite the office will confer a favor on the public if they would not occupy so much of Sixth avenue. As it now is pedestrians or vehicles can scarcely pass.

Anna Mary Blocker, of 1119 Main street, South Side, died suddenly yesterday and the Coroner was summoned to hold an inquest. It was ascertained that the woman died of heart disease.

Will Kniper, an employe at Heinz & Co.'s pickle factory, on Second avenue, fell through an open hatchway, yesterday, and received very serious injuries. He was removed to the Homeopathic hospital.

A neat, useful and ornamental pocket companion is the Centennial match safe, with its contents of one hundred little wax tapers, so serviceable in a dark room. Better than matches, because much safer.

A man named Potter, while intoxicated, fell through a large pane of glass in a store on Market street Wednesday night. The damage was about equally distributed between the man and the window. He was arrested and fined.

We have received from Gildenfeny & Co., "Harper's New Monthly Magazine" for October, which contains the last of "Daniel Deronda," besides a great deal of interesting miscellaneous reading matter, with illustrations of great beauty, making this number a capital one.

Landon Maston, who reported to the police on Wednesday evening that he had been robbed in a Market street saloon, claims that he was drugged. An officer accompanied him to the saloon, but the proprietor denying that Maston had been there at all, and he having no proof of his assertions, nothing could be done.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad have notified shippers to discontine shipments by their lines to points reached via Savannah, owing to the prevalence of the yellow fever in that city, and the strict quarantine established at that port. Steamers have ceased running until the epidemic abates.

The leading boys in the glass houses on the South Side are on a strike. They demand the same wages secured last year or 65 per cent. of the amount paid blowers. The manufacturers decline to accede to their demands, and it is thought but few, if any of the works will start this morning.

A carriage from a South Side livery stable, in which Alderman Mark Donnelly his wife, and a Mrs. Brenneman were returning from the barbecue at Castle Shannon Wednesday evening went over an embankment at Saw Mill run near the South Side cemetery. The occupants of the carriage were all more or less injured, but not seriously.

Mrs. Bridget Maloney, whose arrest yesterday morning on a telegram from Chicago, charged with kidnapping a child, was noted in the GAZETTE, is still in the Central Station. An officer from Chicago is expected to arrive to-day, when the true facts in regard to the case will be made known. She claims that the charge is the result of family troubles.

Contributions of fruit come into the *Leader* office slowly. Here the season is far advanced and we've only had one bunch of grapes and one pear. The receipt of this stuff is always acknowledged, too—*Leader*. Won't some charitable soul kindly step around to the *Leader* office with sufficient provender to relieve the maufest famine prevailing in that establishment?

Mr. McClellan, of Warren, Ohio, arrived in the city yesterday and fully identified the cloth stolen from his woolen mill, which Charles Richards and Wm. Duncan, two tramps, tried to sell at Cunniff's pawnshop on Monday. The men will be taken to Ohio as soon as the necessary papers can be procured. It is said the same men are wanted at Dellroy, Ohio, for the theft of some promissory notes.

Justice Hill, of Mansfield, held an inquest yesterday on the body of Thos. Hughes, who was shot and killed by Thos. Reed, at the steel works, Tuesday morning. The jury found that "deceased came to his death from a gunshot wound in the head, fired by Thos. Reed." The slayer is still at large, and the impression is that he is secreted in a coal pit on Saw Mill Run, and the pittsburgers carefully avoid it.

Mr. Thomas McFarland, Esq., of Meadville, Inspector of Customs for the Pittsburgh district, having resigned the office, Mr. Horner, Esq., of this city, has been appointed his successor. The retiring gentleman takes with him the esteem and confidence of many friends made during his official residence here, and Mr. Horner brings to the discharge of the duties of his new position a well earned reputation for probity and abilities.

Daniel Stone, a crippled soldier, from Beaver, came to the city about a week ago [illegible] robbed of a gold watch and chain worth $175, two pair of gold earrings, and some other jewelry, besides a silk dress, other wearing material and two shawls. Mr. Stone was in town attending a ball. Suspicion was directed by some parties living on Virgin alley, this city, and yesterday forenoon officer Sol. Coulson got a search warrant and thoroughly examined the house. The missing property was not found, but the officer did find a new, fractious, jimmy, used by burglars, which he connected with a number of pocket books were also found, all of them empty, however.

ALLEGHENY NEWS.

A "Gazette" Reporter's Notes of Interest From The Sister City.

The parade of the Boys in Blue this evening promises well.

The Fifth ward schools opened with eight hundred and fifty pupils.

The Hops and Grant engines need attention. Their flues are in bad condition.

Thousands of rats were cremated in the Manchester car stables fire on Wednesday night.

Alderman C. D. Smith is officiating for Alderman Edgar during the latter's absence in the East.

The boys and girls in the Reform School will go down to Morganza about the 15th of next month.

Councilmen interested themselves last night in the operation on Federal street of an odorless vault excavator.

Dr. J. K. Kramer, cashier of the First National Bank, is quite ill at his home in Swickley, was better yesterday.

Henry Swindel has presented the Third ward Republican marching club with a handsome flag. James Hastings will be the bearer.

The passage of a torchlight procession in front of City Hall will empty the library of its boy occupants in less than two minutes.

Hon. Ormsby Phillips, the genial chief magistrate, is again ready to be interviewed. The centennial with him is now thing of the past.

Robert Dilworth will officiate as Secretary of the Poor Board during the absence of Bob. McGonnigle, who leaves today for the Lancaster State Convention.

A Hayes and Wheeler pole one hundred and seventy-five feet high will be hoisted to-day in front of John Meyer's establishment, at the corner of Second and East streets.

John K. Brown, the confectioner, and family, hied themselves Centennialwards yesterday. It is not known how Mr. Brown will get along without seeing the Allegheny club play base ball.

The graven image of Neptune, the mythological sea-god, has deserted the boys of the Columbia steamer. It dropped off at the Manchester fire on Wednesday night. Any one finding the ornament will confer a favor by returning it.

Thirty day Claremont permits were yesterday granted to Marshall Blackman and Thomas McCombs in return for conduct which the Mayor deemed disorderly. James Donaldson and William Royal swelled the municipal finances to the extent of an X each and costs.

George Marshall and Alderman C. D. Smith last night lodged in the Allegheny police station a man named Jackson, a resident of the First ward. He is now slightly insane, and Drs. Cole and Smith, who examined him, say that in a month he will be completely crazy.

A meeting of the Boys in Blue was held last night at the office of Capt. W. C. Cooke, on West Diamond street, to elect officers of the parade to take place this evening. David McGraw was chosen Chief Marshal, J. D. Walker Chief of Staff and James Martin Adjutant General.

On Tuesday night a $250 horse was stolen from Mr. Dowden, near Burgettstown, on the Panhandle railroad. The thief brought the animal to Allegheny city and traded it off to Miller & Morrow, livery men on this street, for a mare and $50. Yesterday morning one of the firm succeeded in recovering the mare in Pittsburgh, but the thief escaped.

Michael Camp, the flagman at the Madison street crossing of the West Penn railroad, was arrested yesterday on a warrant issued by Alderman D. L. Smith, at the instance of the accused's wife Maggie, who charged him with desertion and refusing to support her and their two children. At the hearing it was developed that Michael was more sinned against than sinning, and he was discharged.

Professor Conroy, Principal of the Fifth ward schools, last night had before Mayor Phillips three boys who have been for several days a source of considerable annoyance to the neighborhood. They were in the habit of assuming hideous masks and then popping up at the windows in the lower primary rooms, of course frightening some of the little children very badly. The Mayor dismissed the lads with a severe reprimand, and informed their parents that if they could not control their children he would have to do it for them.

The stable and contents of the P. & A. Street Railway Company, destroyed by fire in the Ninth ward on Wednesday night, were insured for $20,000. Fire Marshal Livingstone is investigating the cause. The total loss will be about $11,000. The insurances was placed in the following companies: Cash Insurance Company, $2,000; Boatmen's, $2,000; Monongahela, $2,000; Pennsylvania, $2,000; Union, $2,000; Artisans', $2,000; Federal of Allegheny, $2,000; Ben. Franklin, of Allegheny, $2,000; Citizens', $2,000; Lancaster, $2,000; total, $20,000.

The vending of rotten plums in the market is a prohibited privilege. Martin Derrick insisted his sign yesterday in defiance of the law and undertook to sell fruit of that character. Officer Drexler poked by and observed what was going on. He took the Derrick down a peg by waltzing him over to the Mayor's office, where he was fined one dollar and costs, and confiscating eight cases of his stock. He paid the fine and returning to the market repeated the offense. Again he was arrested and the Mayor this time gave him the privilege of leaving the city with his plums or pay a fine of $25 and costs. He gathered up his stuff, for which he had $35 worth, and vamosed, but he didn't leave with very good grace.

A Democratic meeting was held on Monday night on the Troy Hill road, in the Seventh ward. A number of Democratic orators were present, being a free for all convention and seven for acquittal. There being probability of an agreement the Court discharged the jury.

Commonwealth vs. Leander Shot, indicted for aggravated assault and battery. Verdict of guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Mary Flaherty, indicted for assault and battery. On trial.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Smith and Charles Cutler, indicted for larceny of a watch from Mr. Grove, of Penn township. Verdict of guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Mary Barnett, indicted for assault and battery. On trial.

Trial list for to-day.

Commonwealth vs.	
Martin Rice,	James Mason,
Wm. Wolf, (2)	Daniel Lawler,
Henry W. Smith et al	Cath. McGonnigle,
J. Robinson,	Charles Catlen,
J. S. Cooney,	Martin Welsh,
Charles Hill,	Thos. Reynolds, Jr.,
Stephen Miller et al.	Geo. Lewis,
John Haney,	Joseph Herman,
John Wagner,	Ed. Prior,
Samuel Sherry,	Michael Logan,
Mary Bennett,	John Welsh et al (2)
Pat. McLaughlin,	Alice M. Jones, (2)

PERSONAL.

Dr. John Cary, a prominent physician of Uniontown, who died rather suddenly on Tuesday last, was interred yesterday afternoon.

Rev. A. Hershberger, late pastor of the Eastman Avenue church, on Eighteenth street, South Side, has been succeeded by Rev. Mr. Brandt.

Miss Flora DeRoy and Miss Fanny Weidler, of this city, were bridesmaids at a Hebrew wedding in Cleveland, a day or two since. The wedding was quite a society event in that city.

Dr. J. H. McClelland, of Penn avenue, has been elected Professor of Surgery in Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, the oldest homeopathic institution in the world. It has a well merited compliment.

Rev. Alvan Vincent, of Brighton, Iowa, is visiting in the city. He is a son of Dr. Vincent, the President of Westminster College, at New Wilmington, Lawrence county. The visitor is on his way home from a trip to Europe.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

A teamster named Coney was arrested yesterday, charged with obstructing the Duquesne fire engine on its way to a fire on South Side, on Wednesday. He gave bail for a hearing.

Bruno Fischer, who stabbed John Murray last Friday in the leg with a knife, had a hearing yesterday before Mayor McCarthy and was committed for court in default of bail.

Wm. A. Harris for disorderly conduct in using vile language to a young lady on Second avenue, was yesterday fined $50 by the Mayor, in default of payment sent to the Work House for thirty days.

THE EXPOSITION.

Big Attractions For the Future—Gilmore's Band to be Engaged—Donnybrook Fair and a Welsh Wedding.

The train yesterday afternoon again presented a handsome accession from the Exposition grounds. All had been isolated and was ready to start. The [illegible] series by Prof. Gittings was [illegible] To-morrow is the school children of Pittsburgh [illegible] expected to turn out [illegible] and it is proposed to [illegible] Some of our most promising [illegible] have taken an active [illegible] and a [illegible] arrangements have been made [illegible] with Welsh national [illegible] from to-night. The [illegible] be tied has been lowered [illegible] and the stand when the [illegible] be used has been [illegible] Donnybrook fair will prove [illegible] Gilmore's band will be [illegible] Some of our most prominent [illegible] have taken an active [illegible] and a [illegible] arrangements have been left in [illegible] They will be attended [illegible] sentiment for an excursion [illegible] of the Exposition have [illegible] with the leader of [illegible] band, which is now stationed [illegible] and will remain [illegible] a week. The band [illegible] city one members, and, [illegible] everything knows, has a world-wide reputation. Professor Gittings, who is taking the leading part in the Boston jubilee. They demand fabulous prices for their services, but the Centennial thought that a bargain can be struck so as to give our citizens an opportunity of hearing them.

Some of the judges appointed to examine the articles entered in competition are at work.

A troupe of gymnasts from the Allegheny Gymnasium will give performances on Wednesday, the 20th.

Farewell! Farewell!

To the cheap Special Train after Monday, September 18th.

ONLY TWO MORE

Opportunities of visiting the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia

Over the popular

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad,

Running direct to Washington

and Baltimore.

MESSRS. COOK, SON & JENKINS

Will start the last two of their series of Special Trains over this reliable route as follows: The first at 8:30 A. M., Monday, and the second and last on Monday, September 18th, at 8:30 A. M., from depot, corner Grant and Water streets, fronting the public square, and they take pleasure in informing the public that no means have been spared by the management to make this series of excursions the most successful of this the Centennial year. Same number of excursionists they have handled as a sufficient guarantee of their ability to perform what they promise.

Patronize the Pioneers of Low Rates.

The Eagle Shoe Store,
85 Smithfield street,
Beats them all in prices.

Hours for Ladies

To take baths at No. 80 Diamond street, is from 8 to 12 A. M.

School Children.

Messrs. Cook, Son & Jenkins would respectfully state to the public that owing to the impracticability of taking so large a body of children to the Centennial unaccompanied by their parents, even for the short space of four days, they made no proposals for their transportation to the Board of Education, although they were requested to do so, believing the present low rate for children to be a sufficient inducement for those desirous of taking them to the Centennial, and particularly taking into consideration the fact that even for so short a time it is not to be expected that teachers, especially of the male persuasion, could fill successfully the role of nurse in the absence of that most important functionary.

The Eagle Shoe Store,
85 Smithfield street,
Beats them all in prices.

Turkish and Roman Bath House

No. 80 Diamond street, has been refitted and furnished throughout.

Coughs and colds are quickly cured by using DR. SCHERER'S WILD CHERRY LUNG CORDIAL. 25, 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists, and at Dr. Scherer's office, 174 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

The Eagle Shoe Store,
85 Smithfield street,
Beats them all in prices.

THE COURT RECORD.

A Complete Record of the Proceedings in the Courts Yesterday.

U. S. District Court.

(*Before Judge Ketcham.*)

Samuel Wellman, bankrupt, Erie county. Argument on motion for an injunction against Ezra Cope by Mr. Sproul for the same. *Curia advisare vult.*

D. J. Goldenberg et al. vs. Julius Blumenthal, Altoona. On petition and motion for an injunction and on proofs presented order made for hearing upon the same on the 22d inst., in the meantime restraining Henry H. Herr.

John Russell, bankrupt, Erie. Petition of assignee for ascertainment and liquidation of certain alleged liens presented and referred to Register Woodruff for examination and report.

Lindas M. Joseph & Son, bankrupt, Scranton. Hearing on bankrupt's petition for discharge fixed for the 30th inst., before Register Willard.

Joseph S. Reed and Jacob Reed, debtors, Allegheny City. Debtors adjudged bankrupts.

Jacob Huffman, bankrupt, Greene county. Order made for the sale of real estate.

James Heffman, bankrupt, Green county, similar order made.

W. L. Graham, bankrupt, Butler county. Order made annulling sale of real estate.

Flowerdew Lister & Co., bankrupts, Beaver county. Register's report on petition of A. C. Hurst, for reimbursement of loss and costs advanced, confirmed nisi.

Criminal Court.

(*Before Judge Ewing.*)

Commonwealth vs. John Buchanan, assault and battery, Mary Schnalz, prosecutrix. Not guilty and each party to pay one half the cost.

Commonwealth vs. Leonard Bechtold, keeping gambling house, pleaded guilty. A plea of *nolo contendere* was entered by defendant on a charge of selling liquor on Sunday.

Commonwealth vs. George Conway, larceny of a watch chain and wearing apparal, valued at $97, pleaded guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Robert Gray, larceny of $15 from Mary Gordon. The jury was unable to agree and were discharged.

Commonwealth vs. William McClelland, larceny of two gold bracelets, valued at $45 from Mary A. Burke, pleaded guilty. Sentenced one year to the Work House.

Commonwealth vs. Lydia McKnight, assault and battery, Margaret Daugherty, prosecutrix, not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. George Conway, larceny of jewelry valued at $90, from W. M. Anthony, pleaded guilty.

Commonwealth vs. John White, larceny of an umbrella from Hannah Algeo. Not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. John Meenan, larceny of $8.25 from B. Porter. Jury out.

Commonwealth vs. [illegible] Lamb, assault and battery, Florence Allen, prosecutrix previously reported. The jury after being out for over twenty-four hours were unable to agree, there being five for conviction and seven for acquittal. There being probability of an agreement the Court discharged the jury.

Commonwealth vs. Mary Flaherty, indicted for assault and battery. On trial.

Commonwealth vs. Mary Barnett, indicted for assault and battery. On trial.

Trial list for to-day.

Commonwealth vs.	
Martin Rice,	James Mason,
Wm. Wolf, (2)	Daniel Lawler,
Henry W. Smith et al	Cath. McGonnigle,
J. Robinson,	Charles Catlen,
J. S. Cooney,	Martin Welsh,
Charles Hill,	Thos. Reynolds, Jr.,
Stephen Miller et al.	Geo. Lewis,
John Haney,	Joseph Herman,
John Wagner,	Ed. Prior,
Samuel Sherry,	Michael Logan,
Mary Bennett,	John Welsh et al (2)
Pat. McLaughlin,	Alice M. Jones, (2)

Court Brevities

Mr. J. B. Holland, having been certified to by the Board of Examiners as a young man well grounded in English and the elementary branches, and of good character, was to-day entered on the Prothonotary's record as a student at law.

Judge Ewing this morning drew his check payable to the order of D. T. Watson, Esq., for $85,870, the amount realized after payment of costs, taxes, etc., from the sale of the Fort Pitt Works, which sold for $100,055. Mr. Watson will make distribution of the amount to the creditors.

The County Commissioners yesterday gave their consent to a stay of proceedings in the case of Thomas Truby Company, to extension of time for the payment of taxes from to-day. Mr. Beckert, who opposed the compromise originally, is still of the opinion that the law gives the Court no discretion in the extension of time, and not prejudice to his opinion in regard to the matter.

Thomas H. Neal and William R. Neal commenced proceedings in the Common Pleas Court No. 2, yesterday, against Charles A. Handy, for trover and conversion. The plaintiffs claim that the defendant has converted to his own use a certificate of stock in the Hardy Flick Manufacturing Company, of London, England, valued at $2,000.

Benjamin Heckert, administrator of the estate of Michael Short, sued to appear in the Orphans' Court, to be required to show cause why he should not give ample security for the property in his hands, was discharged, Hawkins in chambers, yesterday morning, and the rule to show cause had misguided the trust funds with his own and is unable to pay his debts and is using the money for his own private purposes. He was ordered to give security in the sum of $4,500 by the 16th inst., and in the meantime refrain from intermeddling with the estate.

Sheriff Fife, in the presence of a number of attorneys and others yesterday read to Frederick Meyers, who is under sentence of death for the murder of Adam Dorn, the warrant for his execution. He told the Sheriff had concluded the reading of the document Meyers drew a long breath and remarked: "Well, then, you may never have to perform that duty to me." The sheriff replied that he hoped so too, but warned the man to prepare fully for death. Meyers replied that he was resigned to it, and was returned to his cell. It was quite apparent to all present that the condemned man had no fear of the sheriff having to perform the duty of hanging him on the 11th day of November next.

GO WITH SMYTHE.

Save Time, Money and Trouble—Be Landed at the Centennial Depot—Take Breakfast in Pittsburgh and Tea in Philadelphia—Only One Meal En Route—Save Money in Transfer of Baggage—All of Smythe's Excursion Trains Stop First at the Centennial Depot and Next at the Market Street Depot—Baltimore and Washington Included—Travel on a First Class Railroad, the Pennsylvania Central.

Smythe's fourth excursion train to the Centennial, at Philadelphia, leaves the Union Depot at 9:30 on the morning of Monday next, September 18th. First class coaches, sleepers, dining cars, all on one train, heavy ballast, limited mail time, accommodating train agents and conductors, and, above all, safety. FOUR HOURS QUICKER TIME THAN BY ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Tickets good to return via Baltimore and Washington. See the Nation's Capital and the Capital of our own State by the way.

$7 SEVEN DOLLARS $7

for the round trip. Tickets good for ten days. Save money in the transfer of person and baggage by being landed in the Centennial Depot, at the main entrance of the Centennial Ground, on Elm mount Park as well as on the line of the Chestnut and Market street cars for "down town."

Remember Monday next, September 18th, leave Union Depot at 9:30, sharp.

Yours truly,

W. C. SMYTHE.

P. S.—Take 33 little baggage with you as possible.

STOCKS, STOCKS,

And Real Estate at Auction

FRIDAY EVENING 15th inst., at 7:30 o'clock, at Thos. F. Stewart's salesrooms, corner Fifth avenue and Market street:

20 shares Peoples Insurance Co.
40 shares Armenia Insurance Co.
8 shares Metropolitan National Bank.
10 shares Manufacturers' Bank.
5 shares United States Bank.
10 shares Masonic Bank.

Also, a valuable coal property in Little Saw Mill Run, to be sold by order of John P. Beech, assignee of of Theodore Kestner. This will be an excellent investment.

THOS. F. STEWART,
Auctioneer.

Silks and Brocades.

Notwithstanding the recent great advance in Raw Silk and manufactured Silk goods, Joseph Horne & Co., 197 and 199 Penn avenue, are announcing that for the next 30 days, they will continue to offer Silks at the VERY LOW PRICES prevailing during the past season, also that they are now opening the Silk Department, all the newest shades of Plain and Colored Dress Silks, Check and Stripe Silks with Black and Colored Grounds, and invite special attention to the new patterns in Brocade Silks and Velvets, of this Fall's importations, together with a full assortment of Black Gros Grain Dress Silks, of the most reliable makes. An opportunity is thus afforded to secure articles in this line at 25 to 33 per cent. under real value.

The Eagle Shoe Store,
85 Smithfield street,
Beats them all in prices.

All the First-Class Physicians

Of the country endorse Turkish Baths as given at No. 80 Diamond street, this city.

Fine Note Papers and Envelopes.

Stationery my specialty.

GEORGE W. BACKOFEN,
No 161 Smithfield street, above Sixth avenue.

COL. BOB INGERSOLL.

"C. Cuth." Tells What Judge Black Says of Him—His Home Life—What He Believes and What He Says.

"Cath," writing from Newark to the Philadelphia *Times*, gets these interesting particulars concerning Col. Bob. Ingersoll, who is to speak at City Hall to-night.

In a comparatively little town in Illinois the town of Peoria—lives a lawyer who, Judge Black told me last night at the Centennial Hotel, was "a perfect wonder of eloquence and power." "He made a speech," continued this old adviser of Buchanan, as he twirled his silver tobacco box and drew down his bristling eyebrows—"he made a speech before the Supreme Court last winter which was an absolute whirlwind, and carried away in its resistless current even that august bench. He didn't stick to the points, though, and they would have stopped him if they could and confined him to the immediate point at issue, but you might as well try to stop thunder and lightning."

JUDGE BLACK'S OPINION OF HIM.

"I regard him as the ablest—one of the ablest—orators in this country. He's a Republican, you know that—Yes, I know that; but I was just then thinking what praise it was to be praised by one of the most praised and distinguished lawyers at the American bar. "Why hasn't he been heard of before?" repeated Judge Black. "Why, he has been, in his country and among his own kin, and we all know him. But he has not been ambitious of national fame, and he would not probably appeal now but for his friendship for Blaine, and the great success he had out there at Cincinnati when he presented his friend's name to the convention in a speech of remarkable power."

HIS HOME LIFE.

He has practiced in Peoria for many years, and built up a great practice in the surrounding county. He lives in a magnificent house, with his wife and several children, and presents to the world the spectacle of a most exemplary and loving husband and affectionate and tender parent. He has been the architect of his brother's fortunes, too, for the people of the district, fearing to honor the man whom they personally loved and respected for his marvelous ability, lest it would be an overlooking of his one damning fault, sent his brother, who had given no mark of ability therefore, to Congress. He turned out to be a good natured wit—"witty himself and the cause of wit in others." He was the author of the celebrated decision from the Speaker's chair that the word "Slang-whanging," while it was not unparliamentary, was "certainly pungent." He is of medium height and weight, and the game which ex-Minister Schenck has since made famous, and Fernando Wood has paid so dearly for in playing with him, and Beth. Logan has abandoned for a Sunday school, and Hallet Kilbourne has left for while he runs the Democratic Congress for putting him in jail, and John G. Schumaker (the first-beat-headed of them all) has forsaken while he spends the $250,000 he got out of Pacific Mail.

HE LOOKS AND TALKS.

But the word "heretic," as Judge Black somewhat euphemistically calls him, suggests a reminiscence of two of the men who spoke here to-night, and who will be the lion of Philadelphia to-morrow night, or rather day after to-morrow, when the papers report their speeches. They are not reminiscences of himself, for except that he was a leading counsel for the whisky ring in the West, and is therefore well competent to speak of the Republican party, he has none—they are simply words, words, words. But such words! When he speaks from a rostrum he is a sketch of him. He is middle-aged, of rather commanding appearance, with an air of decided self-confidence, above middle height, very stout, red faced and good natured looking. He has a large round head, a hearty, open, healthy clean-shaven face and dresses in plain black. His right hand is specially noticeable for its striking gestures magnetize—I use the word advisedly—magnetize you. When he lifted that big paw of his high above his bald head and brought it down with a resounding fist on the platform, the climax of applause was terrific. He closed his speech with some words of "Stand by the flag," and the audience went wild. Then I saw the real power of the man. Every man, woman and child in the house was standing on their chairs, waving hats, handkerchiefs, canes, umbrellas, anything that came handy, and cheering as only an audience can cheer when it is thoroughly aroused. It was a scene that I shall never forget. Then I saw the man